



**Subterra.ai**

How advances in  
Computer Vision, Robotics & Artificial Intelligence  
are helping municipals to inspect underground  
assets

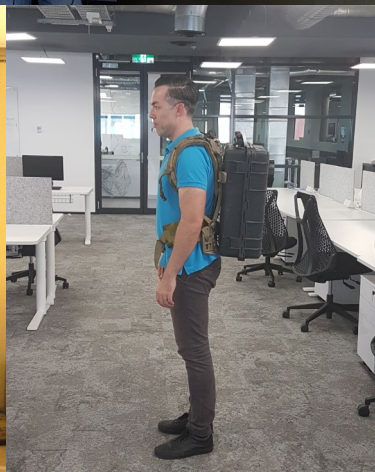


# Disclaimer





# Background



# Advances in tech in the last 10 years



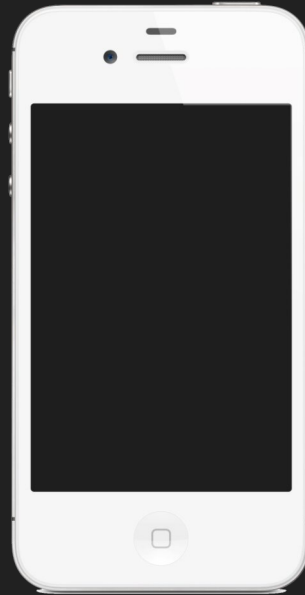


2007



iPhone  
2MP Rear Camera  
Up to 16GB Storage

2013



iPhone 5S  
8 MP Camera  
1080 Video  
Up to 64GB Storage

2018



iPhone X  
12 MP Camera  
4K Video  
Up to 256GB Storage  
Depth Sensing using AI



Real time ToF camera  
8K Video  
1TB Storage  
5G Connectivity

# iPhone 5S

2013  
iPhone 5S

8 MP Camera  
1080 Video  
Up to 64GB  
Storage





# iPhone X

2018  
iPhone X

12 MP Camera  
4K Video  
Up to 256GB  
Storage  
Depth Sensing  
using AI



# iPhone Image Evolution



iPhone 5s



iPhone 6



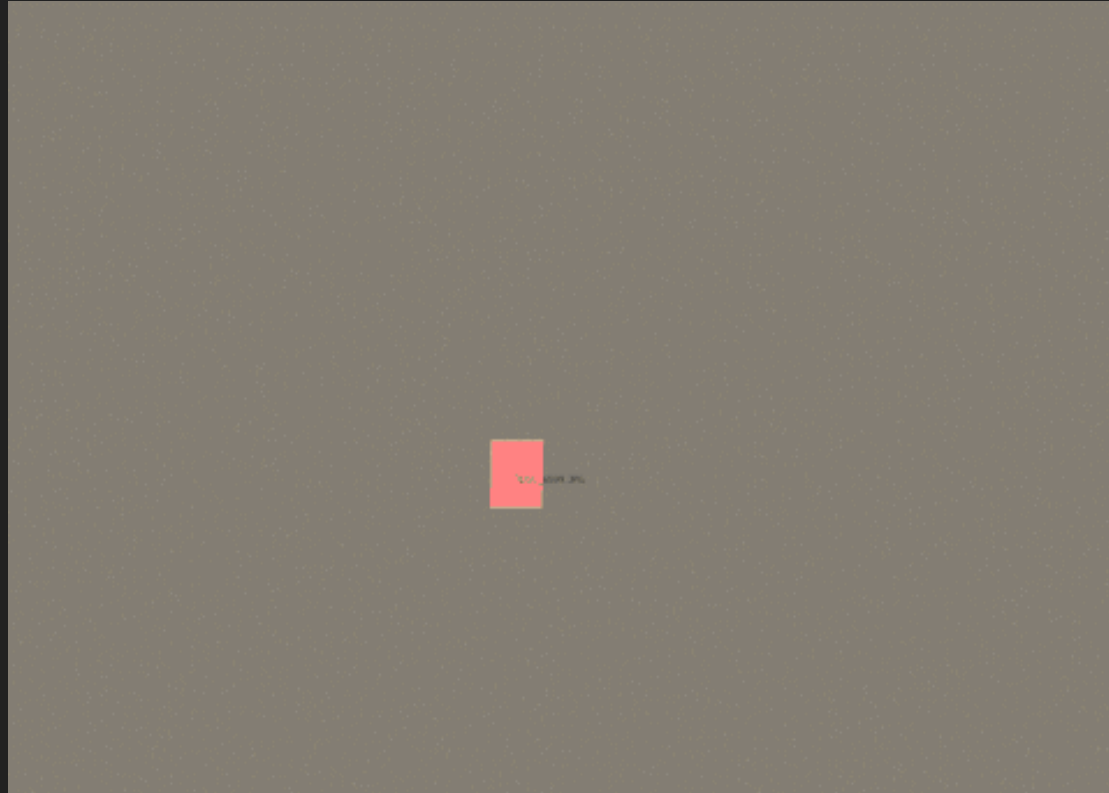
iPhone 7 plus

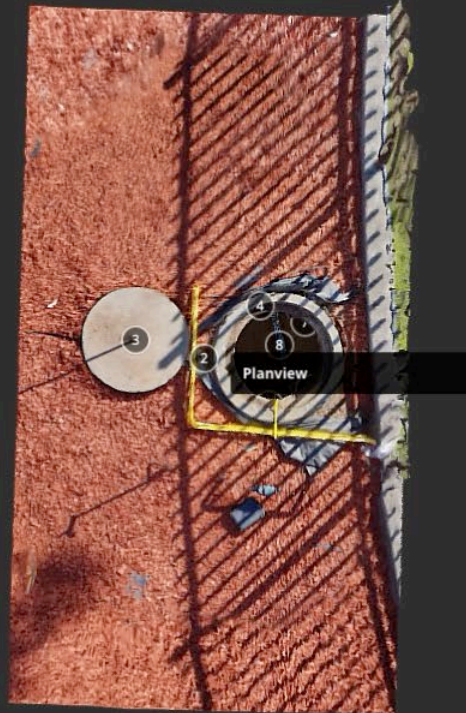


iPhone X



# Photogrammetry – Close Range Photogrammetry







Each year the US spends

**\$30B on O&M**

with 10% being spent on inspections

But only 9%

of sewers are inspected

800,000 - 1.2M miles estimated

# Why are we not inspecting more?

1. High cost with current methods & technologies;
2. Slow speed of inspection and reporting;
3. Difficult to access many sewers that need to be inspected.

# Why are we not inspecting more?

High cost with current methods & technologies;

- Manhole systems: \$10,000 - \$125,000
- Walkabouts: Cost of people
- CCTV systems: \$25,000 - \$500,000



# Current Inspection Techniques - People



# Current Inspection Techniques - People



# Why are we not inspecting more?

Slow speed of inspection and reporting;

- People traverse (Walkabouts): 3 miles or 16,000ft. Per day
- CCTV systems: 1000 – 2000ft. Per day
- Do not exceed 30ft. in a minute (NASSCO PACP)



# Current Inspection Techniques - CCTV





# Why are we not inspecting more?

Difficult to access many sewers that need to be inspected.



# How can advances in technology help

- Lower cost of electronics > lower cost to purchase inspection systems
- Using software instead of hardware
- 360 camera's > allow for faster inspections
- CV & AI will increase efficiencies in coding, reporting and reviewing
- This should all then lower the cost of inspection per foot
- Asset optimization through ongoing and frequent inspections

# Terminology

- Computer Vision
- Robotics
- Artificial Intelligence

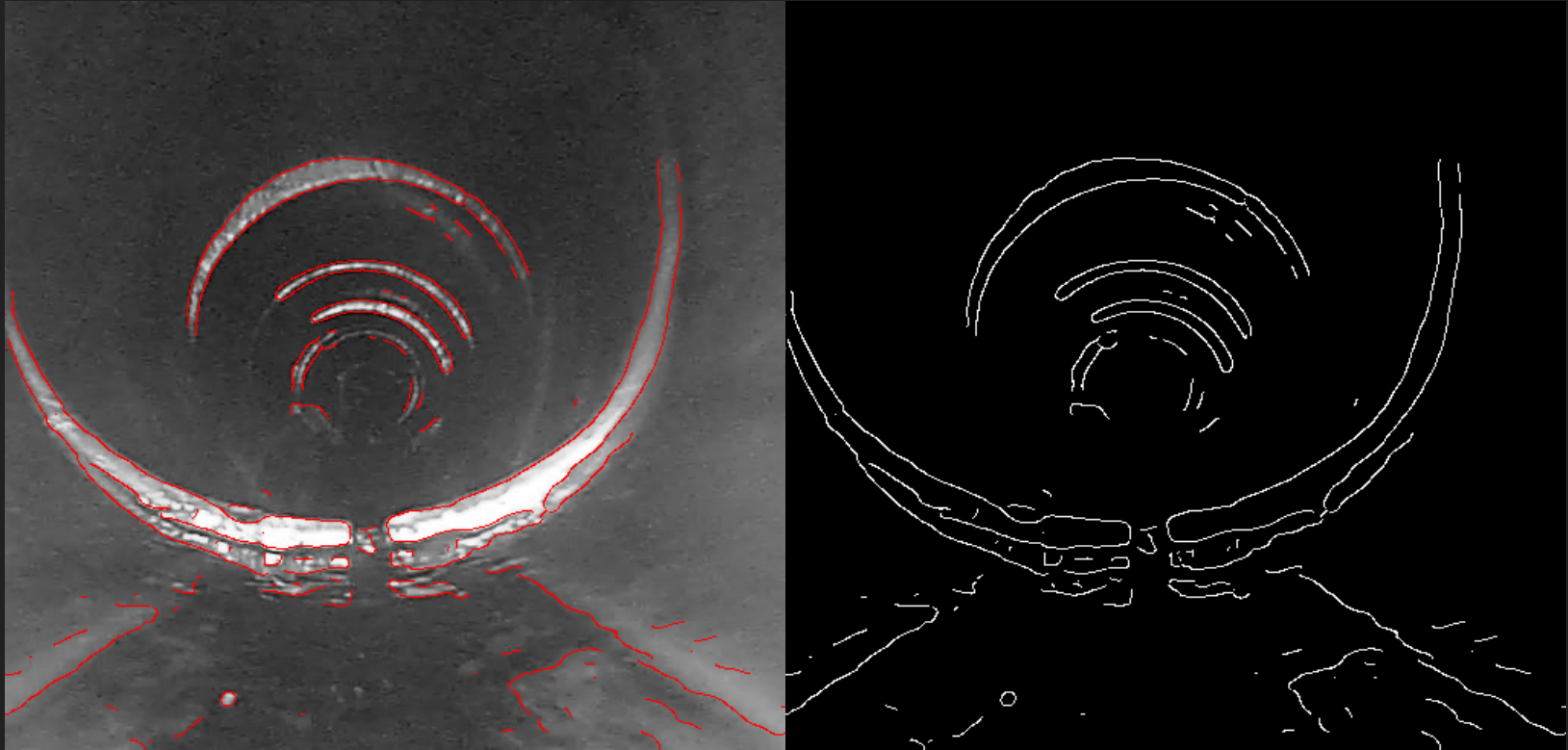


# Image Processing – Computer Vision (CV)



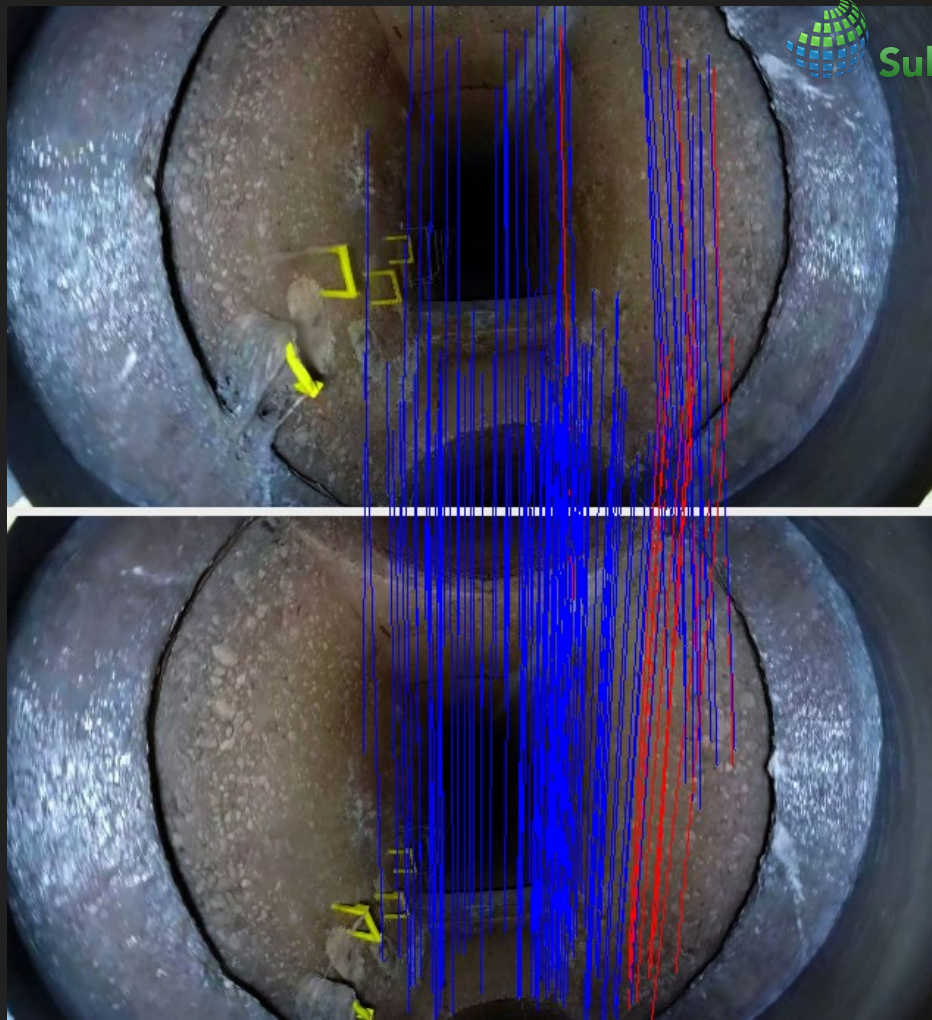
Image processing - Manipulating an image to be clearer or more detailed

# Computer Vision - Feature Detection





# Computer Vision Feature Tracking



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# Computer Vision - Depth Perception

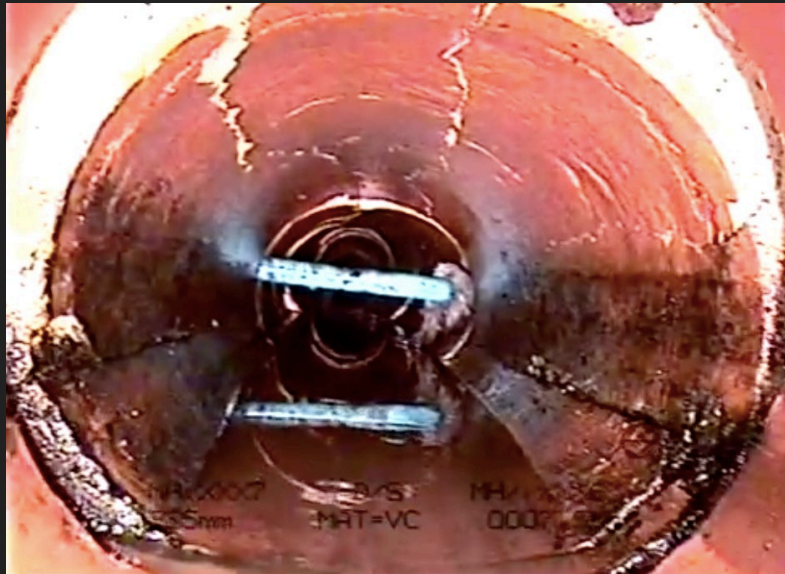


# Computer Vision – 3D

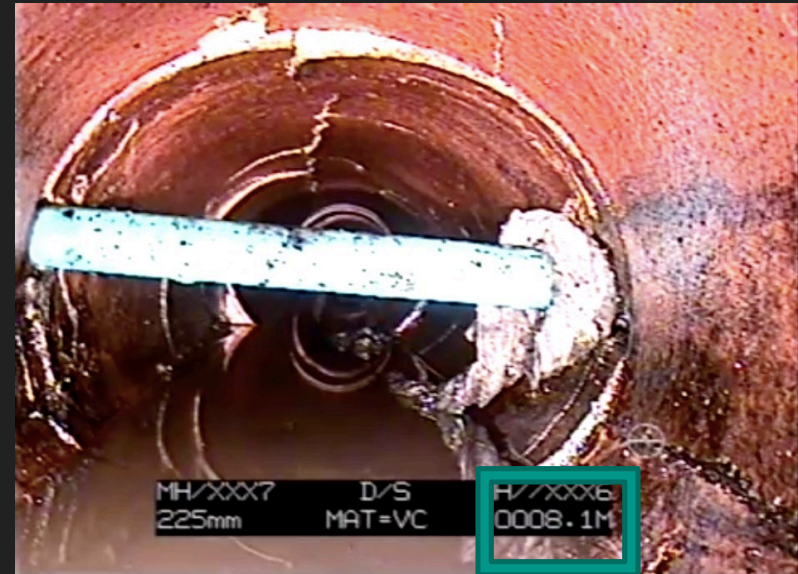




# Computer Vision – Optical Character Recognition OCR



Bad example for OCR



Better example for OCR  
= 8.1m

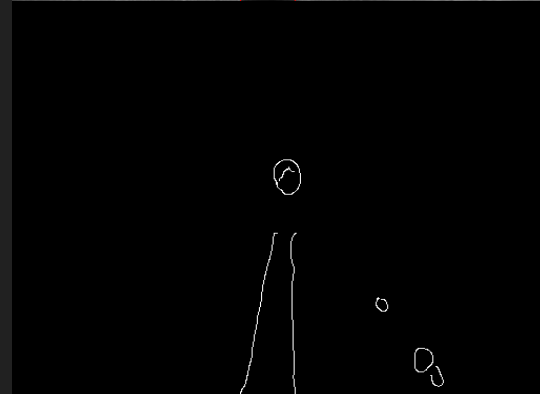
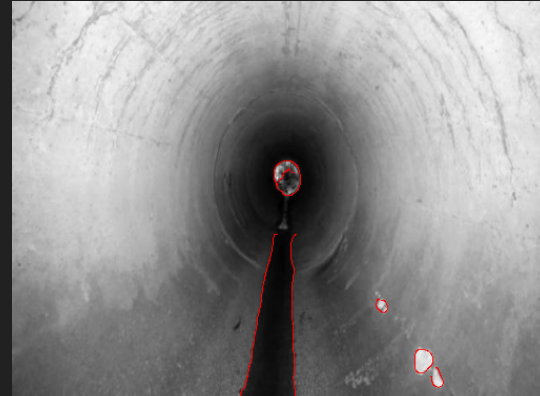
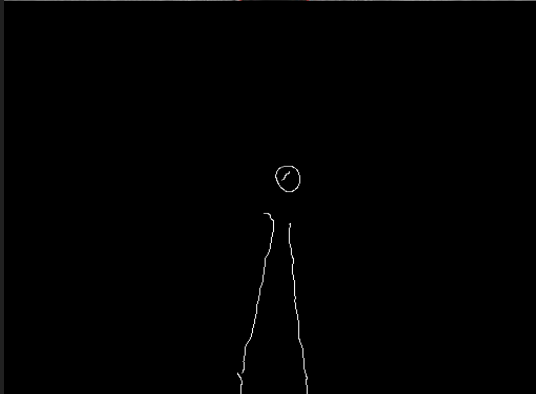
# Benefits using Computer Vision

- Automatically detect features
- Track & geolocate images underground
- Measure features of interest
- Compare change over time
- Build a training data set for AI

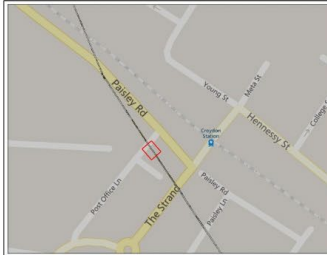
# How feature detection & tracking can be used



# Comparative analysis



# Detailed investigations



Location

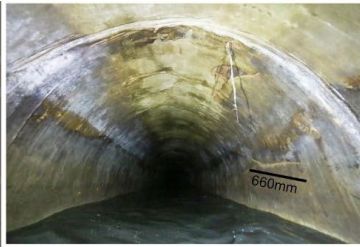


Figure 1: Feature - Debonded epoxy coating next to step



Figure 2: Feature - Closeup of debonded epoxy coating

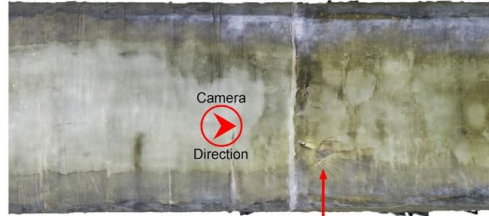


Figure 3: Approximately 126m from MH12

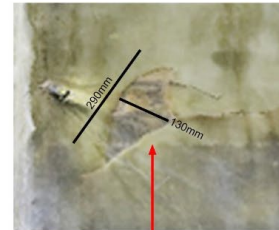


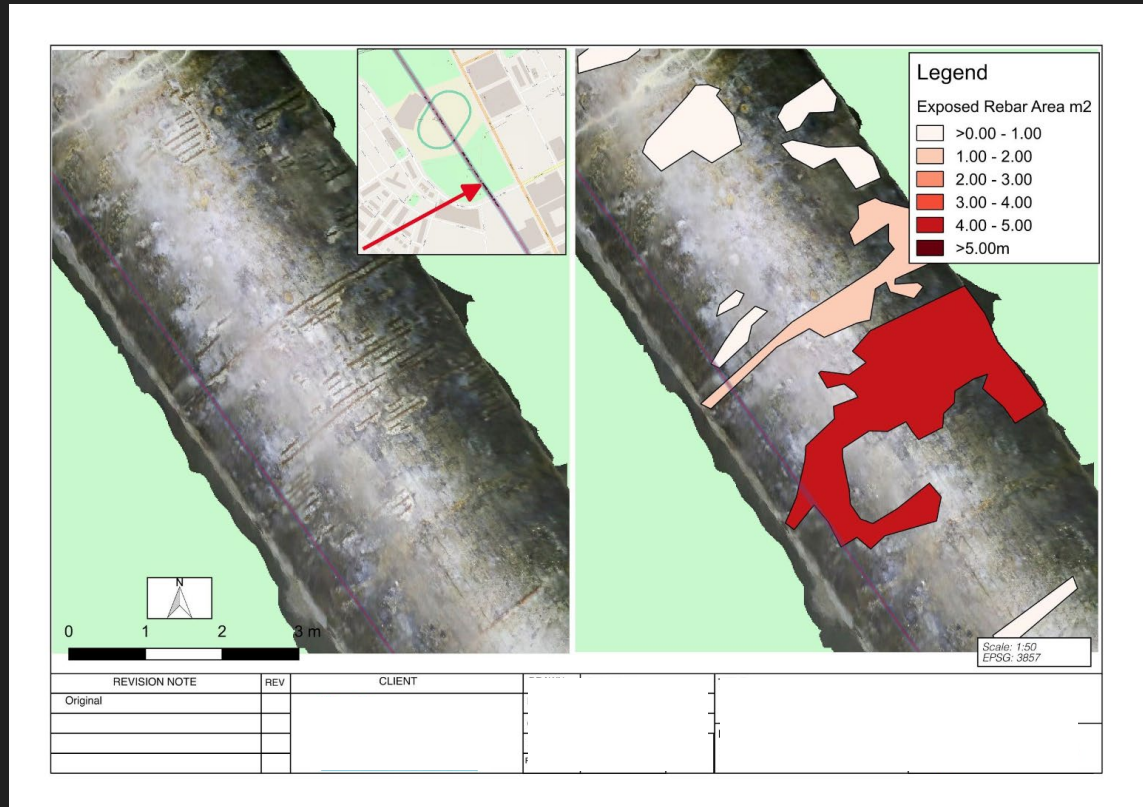
Figure 4: Dimensions of debonded epoxy section

Planview Section

REVISION NOTE	REV	CLIENT	DRAWN:	TITLE:
			DATE:	
			CHECKED:	DWG No:
			DATE:	
			PROJECT No:	
			SHEET: <b>A3</b>	



# Repair estimation







# Robotics

Credit: Daniel Winkler/ETH Zurich





# Robotics





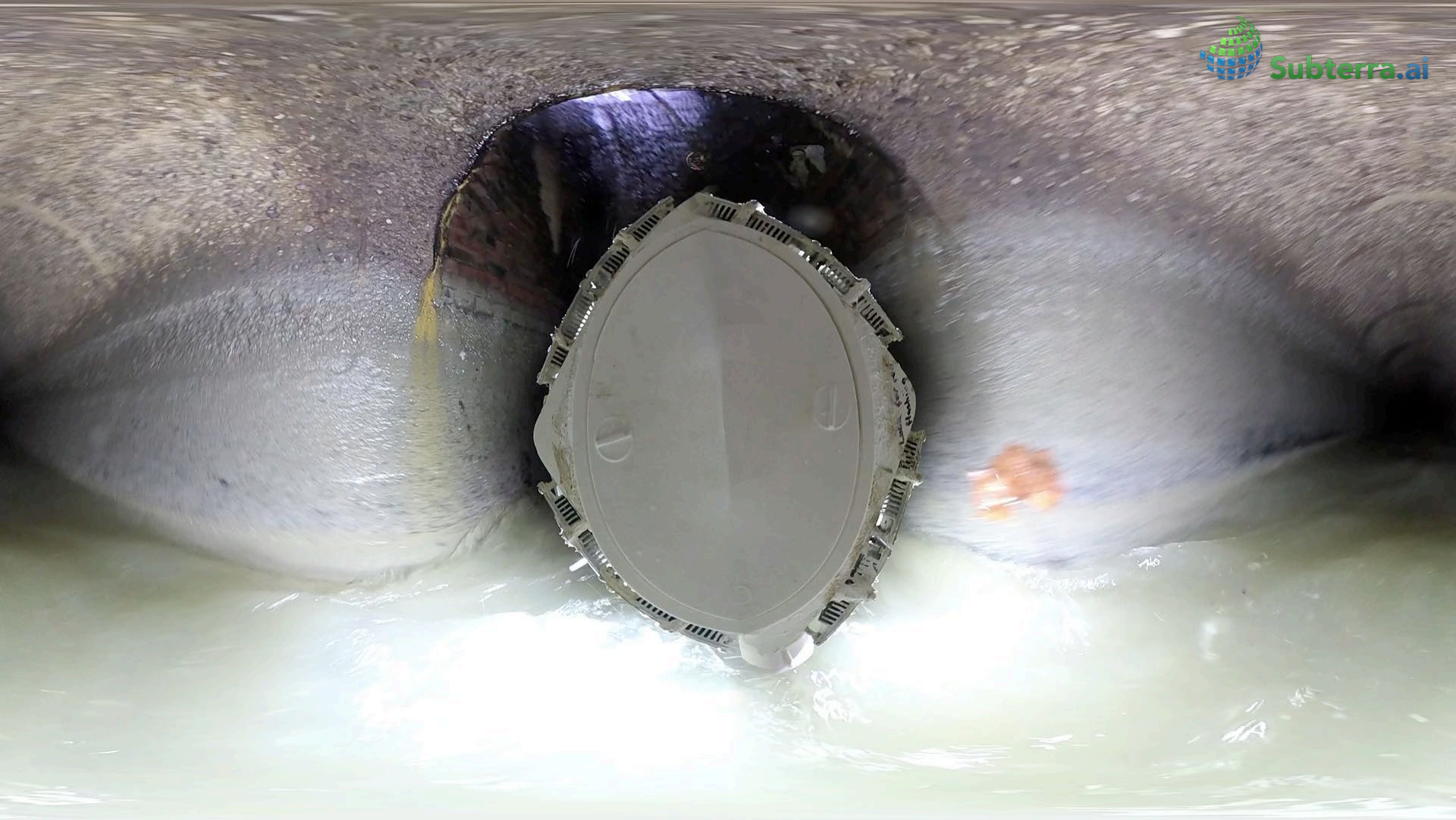
# Robotics





# Simple Robot or drones







# Terminology

- Artificial Intelligence or AI – To mimic human intelligence
- Machine Learning - The ability for the computer to learn from teaching it.
- Deep Learning - Mimicking the human brain to solve more complex problems through the development of neural networks and interconnectivity.
- Neural networks – As in brains neural networks that work connectively to come up with an output.



# Machine learning

- The goal = Computers learning on their own
- Identify patterns from observed data
- Build models that explain the world

# Data sets

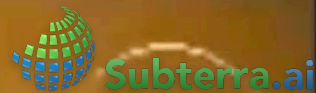




# Data sets



Randall's Drainage Services



umb11-6 r/s umb11-4

225 v/c





# Subterra AI Example



# Training sets



- 10,000 images of sewer with chambers and other features.

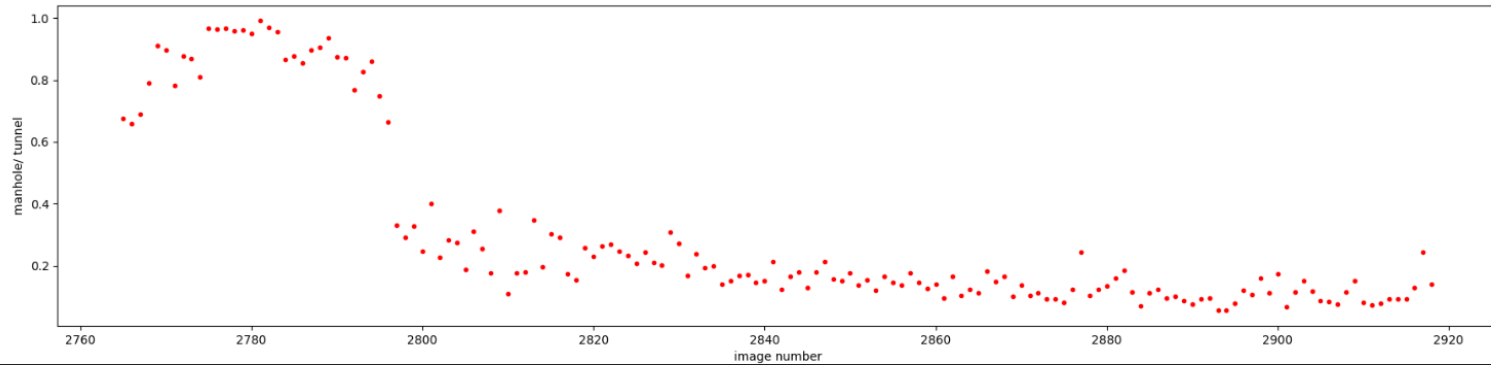
# Training sets



- Specified what to look for and where to find it.



Manhole Classification





# Our vision for the future

- Field data collection - fully autonomous
- Real time streaming of inspection to control room
- Robot swarms with different sensors for underground assets
- On-board CV, AI and ML for immediate notification, cleaning or repair
- Going from reactive -> Proactive and preventative



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