

A Comprehensive Sanitary Sewer Study of the City of Warren



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Warren: Capital of the Western Reserve



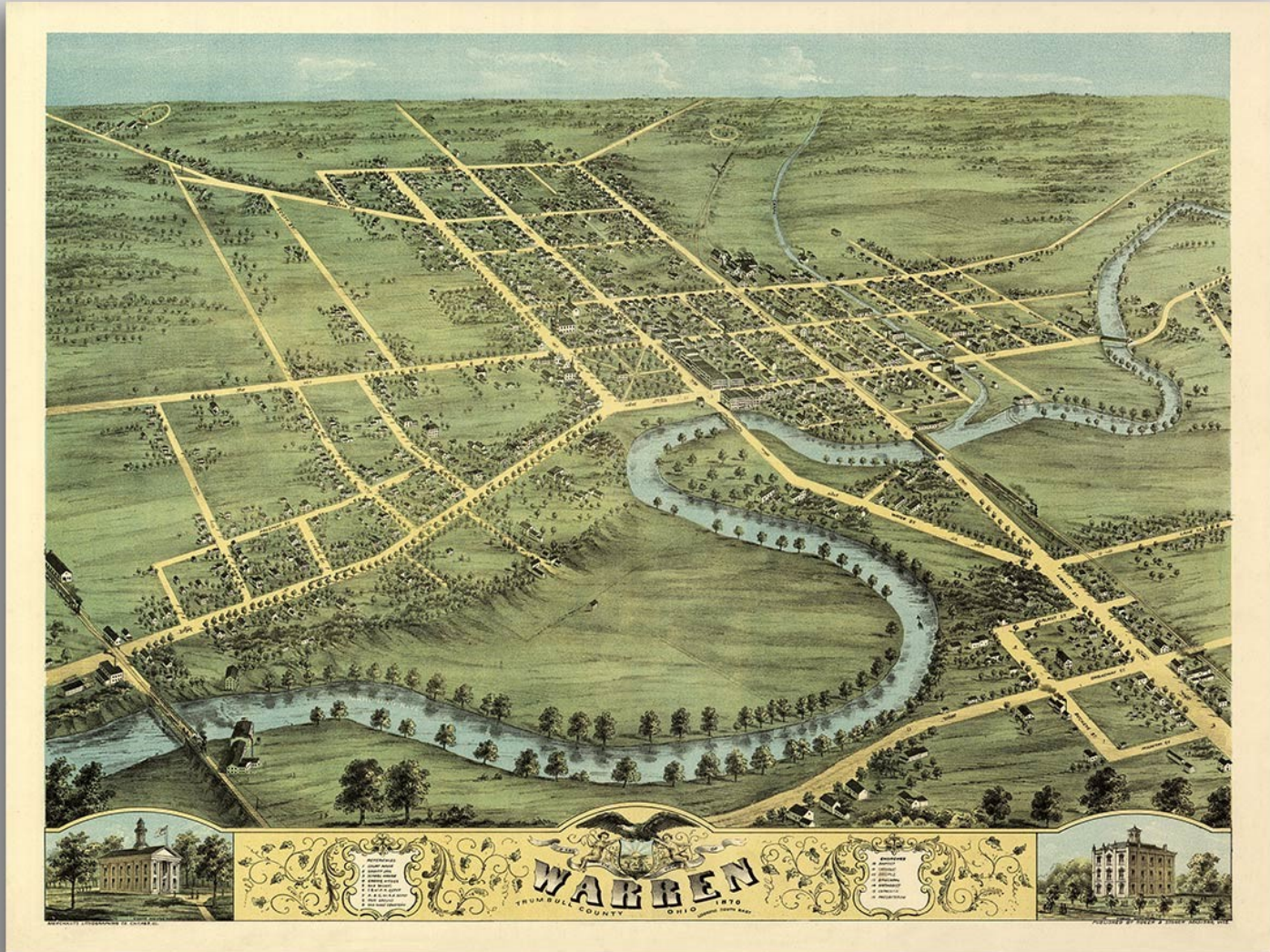
REFERENCES.

- Coast Boundaries
- Shipping Routes
- Colleges
- Cities
- Local Rivers
- Villages
- County Lines
- Roads
- Fairs

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The Western Reserve is situated in the north east quarter of the State, between Lake Erie on the north, Pennsylvania East &c. It extends 120 miles from East to West and often an average 52 from north to south. The area is just 300,000 of acres, a body of 500,000 of acres is stricken off from the west end of the tract, and granted by the state of Connecticut, as a donation to certain sufferers by first occasioned by the English during the Revolutionary War, the manner by which the state of Connecticut became possessed of the land in question, was the following, King Charles II. of England, purchasing the estimate of his brother Kings, of granting distant and foreign regions to his subjects granted to the then colony of Connecticut in 1662, a charter right to all lands included within certain specified bounds. But as the geographical knowledge of Europeans concerning America was then very limited and confused, patents for lands often interfered with each other. After the United States became an Independent Nation, those interfering claims occasioned much collision of sentiment between them and the State of Connecticut, which was finally compromised by the United States relinquishing their claim to the 300,000 of acres described. The United States however reserved to themselves the right of jurisdiction. They then united this tract to the Territory now State of Ohio.

Warren: 1870



Warren Sewer History



- 1st Sewers: Late 1800's

Goal: Get it ALL to the River

- 1st WWTP 1962

Goal: Get Most of it to the Plant

- Sewer Separation 1990's – 2006

Closed all CSO's

Catalyst Event

- Summer 2014: BIG Rain Event
 - Many Warren Buildings: Basement Flooding
- EPA Permitted 1 SSO to be Reopened
- Hired AECOM: Downtown Sewer Study



Downtown Study 2015

- Too many variables
- Inconclusive
- Expensive Solutions
- No Guarantees



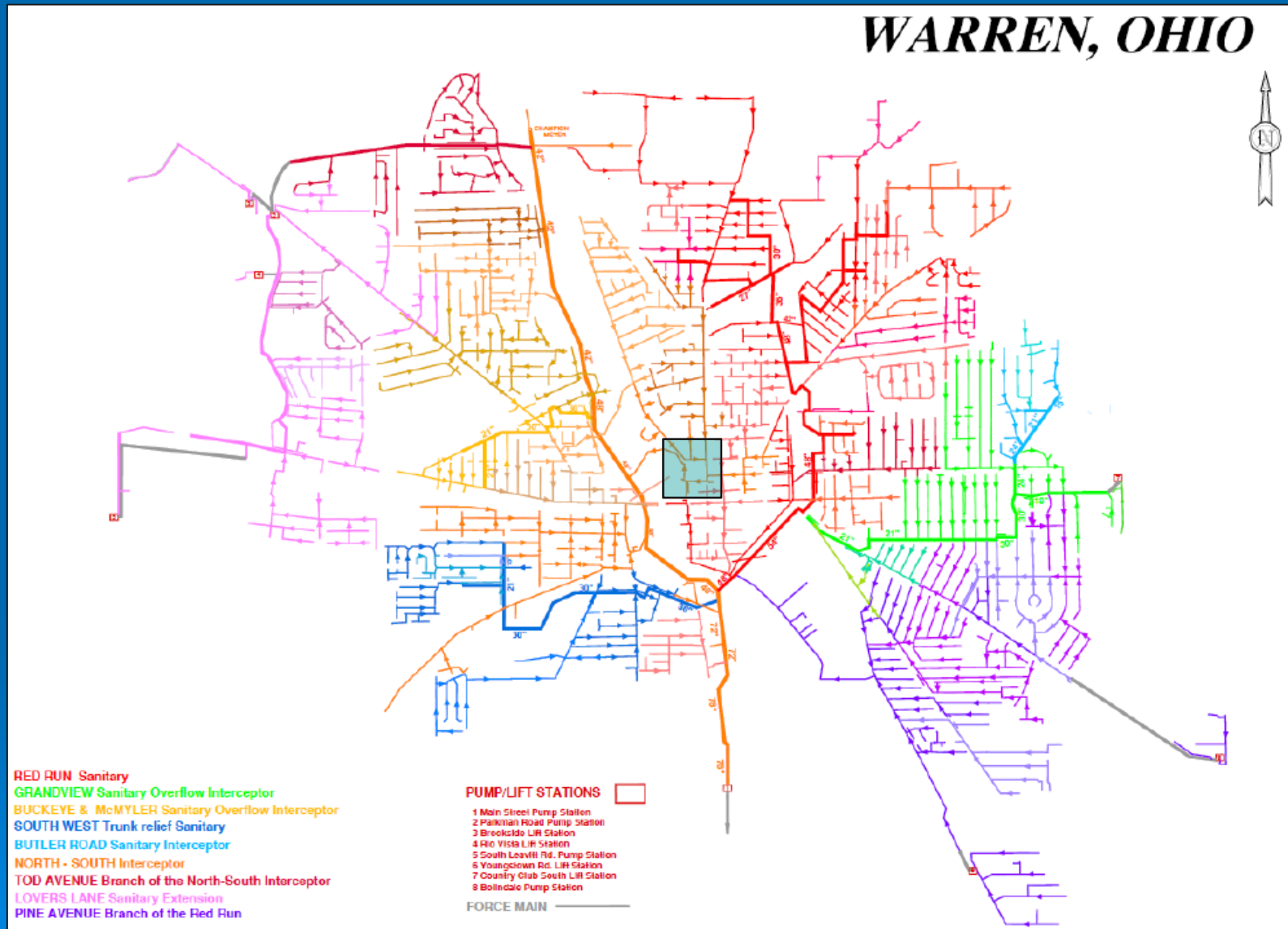
Comprehensive Sewer Study 2017-2018



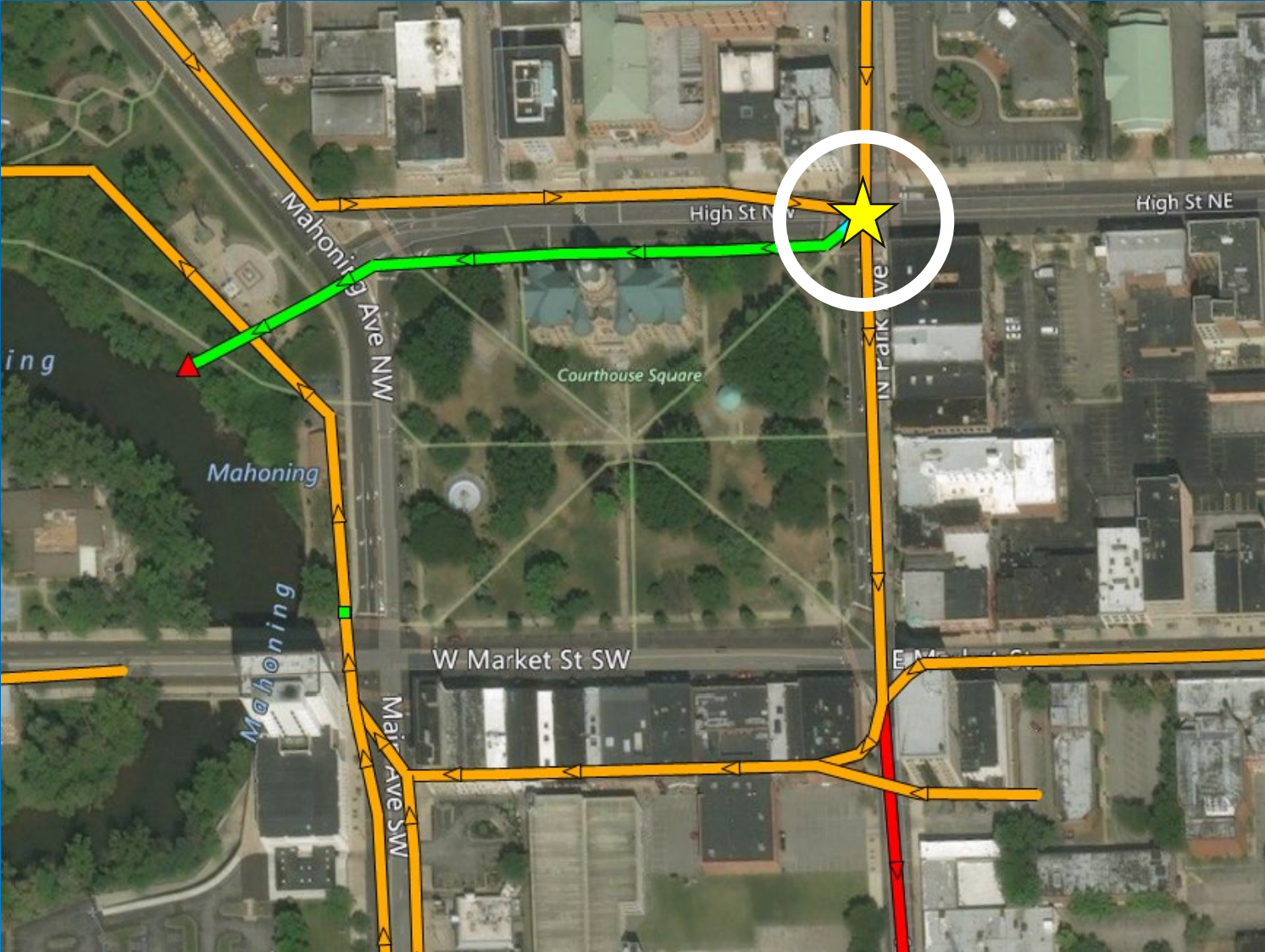
- Eliminate the High Street SSO
- Alleviate Downtown Flooding
- Identify: System Bottlenecks
Excessive I&I
- Create a Sewer System Model

Sanitary Sewer System Map

WARREN, OHIO



Downtown Warren SSO



Task 1 Sewer System Characterization

- Flow monitoring and rain gauges installed in November 2016
- 36 flow monitors and 5 rain gauges
- Installed for approximately six months total (November 2016-June 2017)



Flow Monitoring Site Installation Form **AECOM**

Project Name: City of Warren Install Date: 11/14/2016 Time: 10:40 AM
 Project Job #: 60526190 Installation
 Site Number/ID: 1 Crew: BM V/G AH
 Location Description: Lovers Ln and Caleb Rd MH Location: Intersection of Lovers Ln and Caleb Rd
 Directions to site: Lovers Ln and Caleb Rd

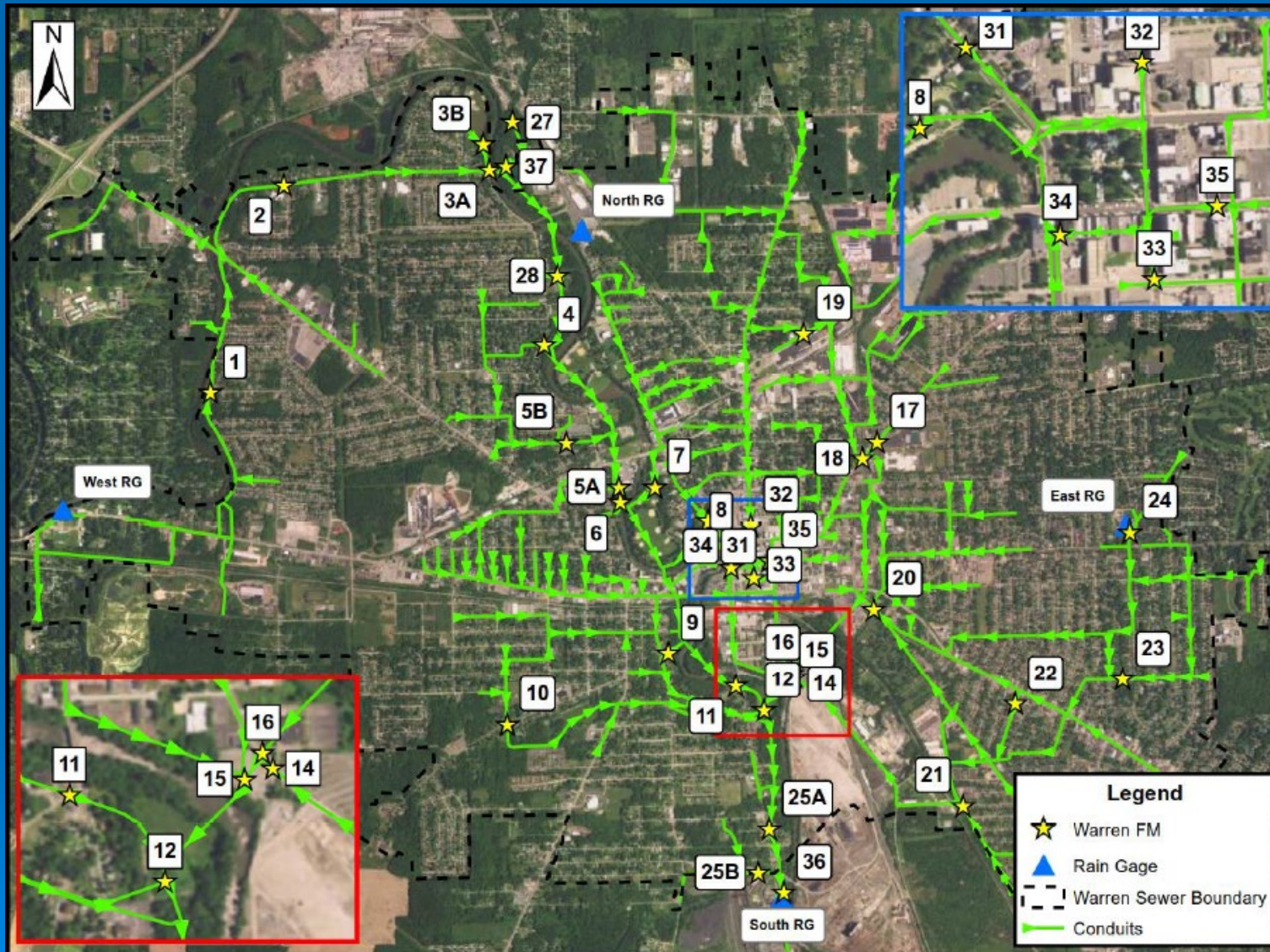
Type of Sewer: Storm Sanitary Combined
 Tributary Area: Residential Commercial Undeveloped Industrial
 Manhole Conditions: Good Siltng Oil/Grease Surcharged
 Manhole Type: Straight Thru Junction Bend Drop Overflow
 Pipe Construction: VCP Concrete PVC Brick Other

Manhole Depth: 15 (FT) Pipe Monitored (circle one) Inlet Outlet Overflow
 Rung Conditions: Ok Pipe Sizes:
 Evidence of Surge Y or N: Yes Inlet: 24" Outlet: 24" Pipe 1: Pipe 2: Pipe 3:
 MH Atmosphere Comments: 20.8

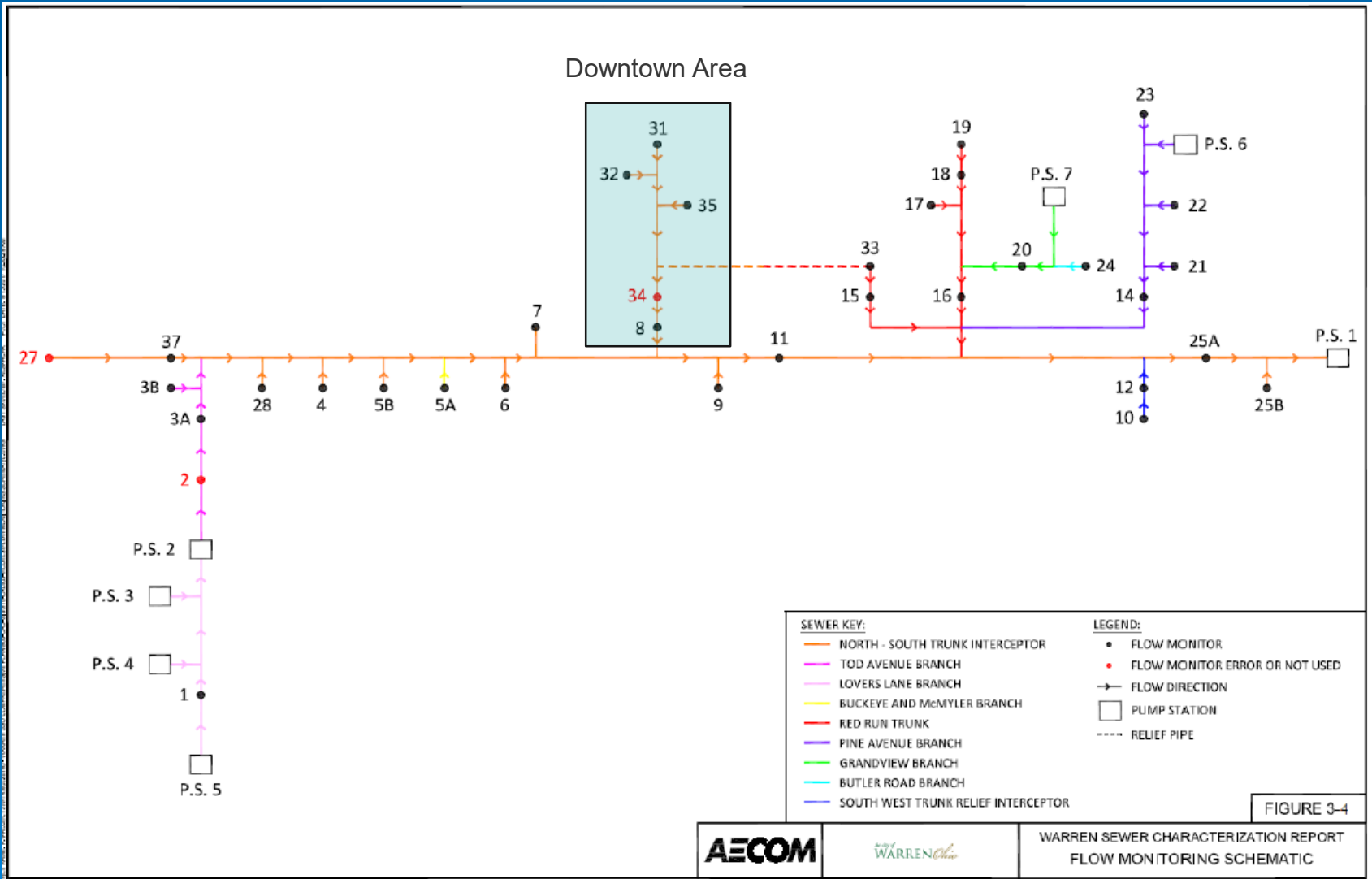
Flow Meter Information		Flow Characteristics:				
Meter Type:	FL 900	Low Level	Low velocity	Turbulent	Laminar	
Meter Owner:	Rental <input type="checkbox"/> AECOM <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Real Time/Current Status Readings at Installation				
Vendor:		METER	Time:	1	2	3
Meter Serial Number:	2219		Depth:	4.12	4.68	
Sensor Types:	A/V		Velocity:	1.23	1.33	
Sensor S/N:	8481	MANUAL	Flow:	0.286	0.37	
Sensor Location:	US DS		Depth:	4.8	4.75	
Velocity Direction:	Upstream	Velocity:	1.2	1.18		
Data collection interval:	5 Minutes	Manual Velocity Profiling				
Calibration / Bench Tested:		.80 Depth	.40 Depth	.20 Depth		
Velocity meter model:		Calc. Manual Velocity:				
Velocity meter calibration date:						
Flow Meter Bench Tested Date:						
Additional Setup Equipment Needed:						

LOCATION MAP PLAN PHOTO

Flow Monitoring Locations



Flow Meter Schematic



Task 1 – Flow Monitoring

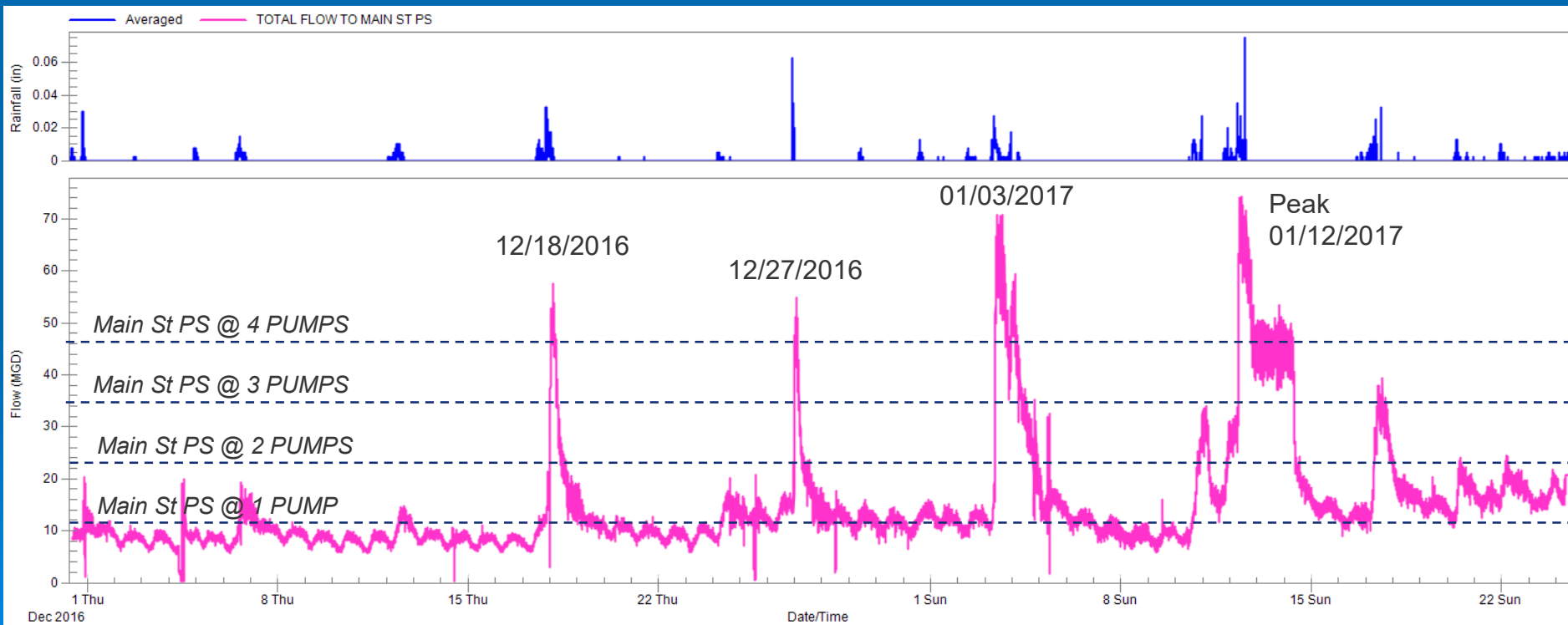
System Characteristics Identified

- 1. Capacity issues*
- 2. Identified tributary areas with large I/I contributions*
- 3. High I/I percentage calculations*
- 4. Inconsistent pump station operations*
- 5. River inflow and infiltration*

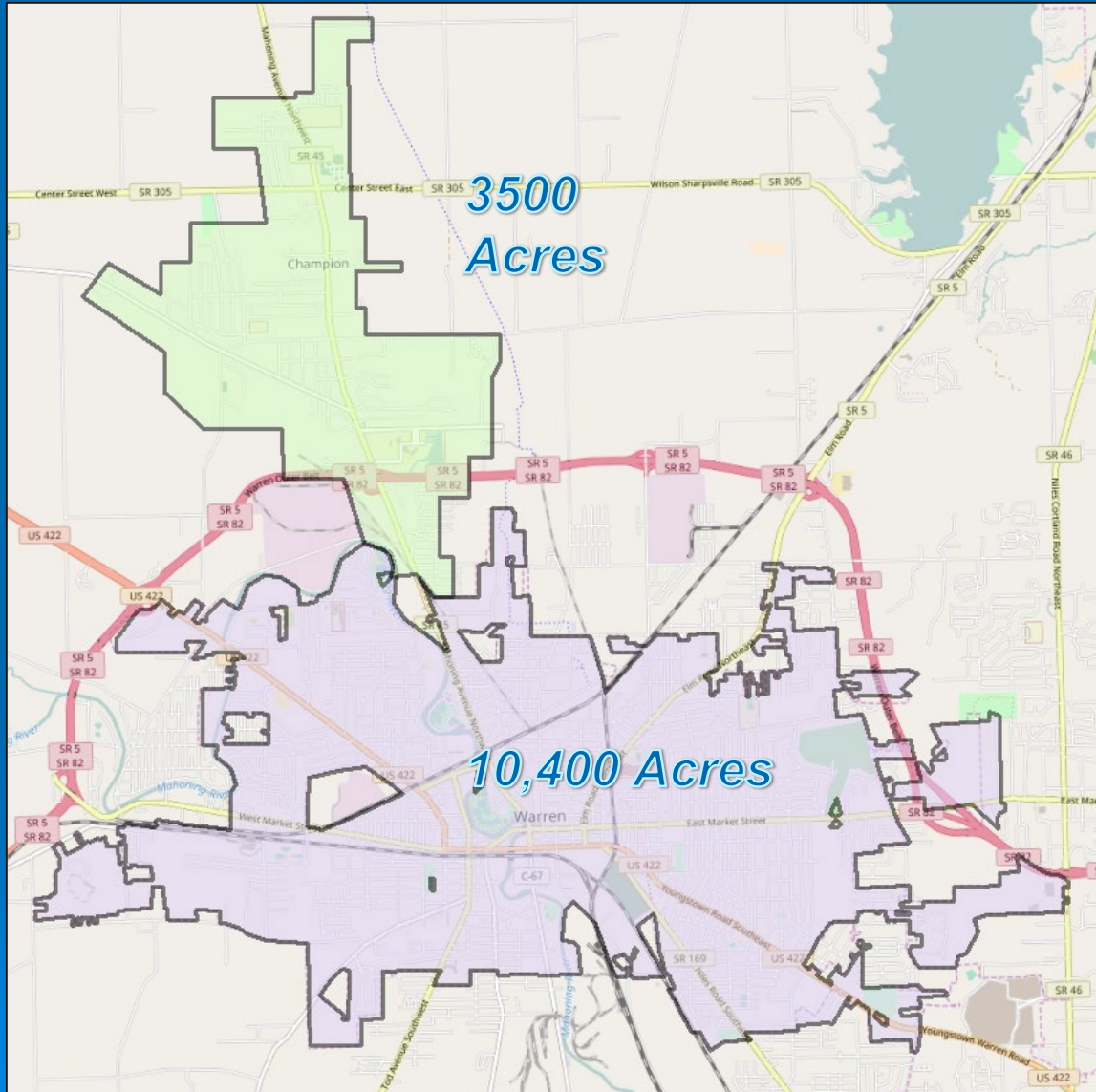
Task 1 – Flow Monitoring

Total Flow at Main St PS = FM25A + FM25B
Comparison with Main St PS Capacity

- *Average Dry Weather Day: 8MGD*
- *Peak Flow recorded on Jan 12, 2017: 73MGD*



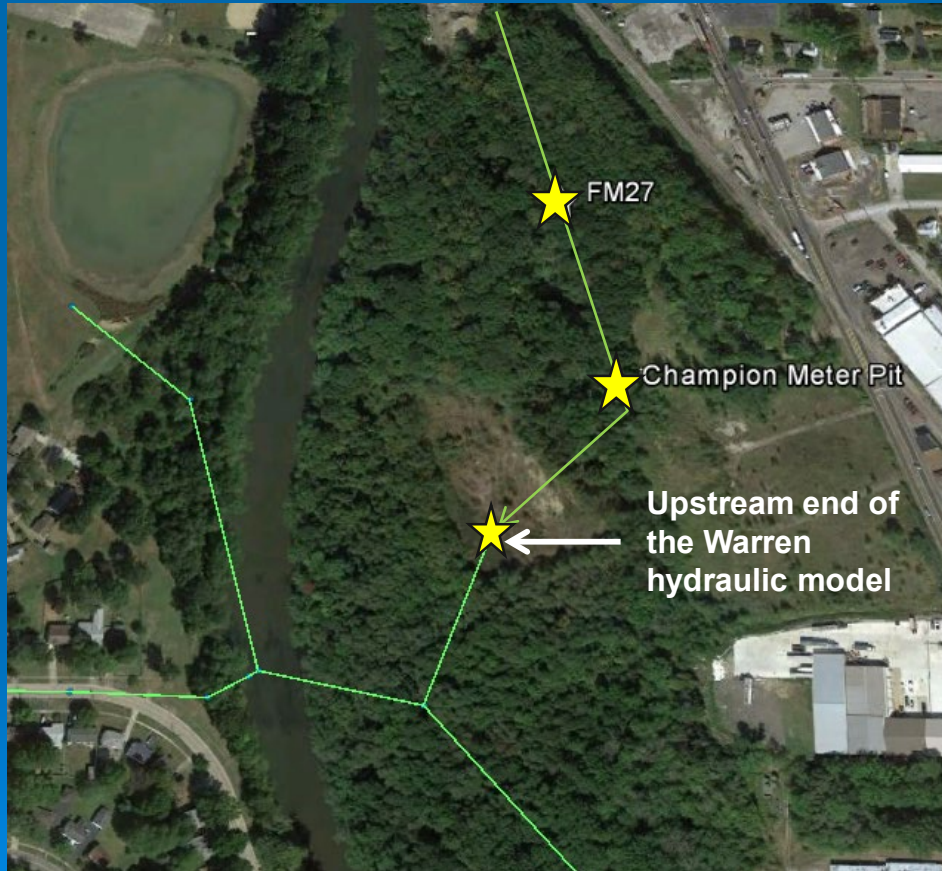
Champion vs. Warren



Task 1 – Flow Monitoring

Flow from Champion

FM located upstream of permanent meter pit



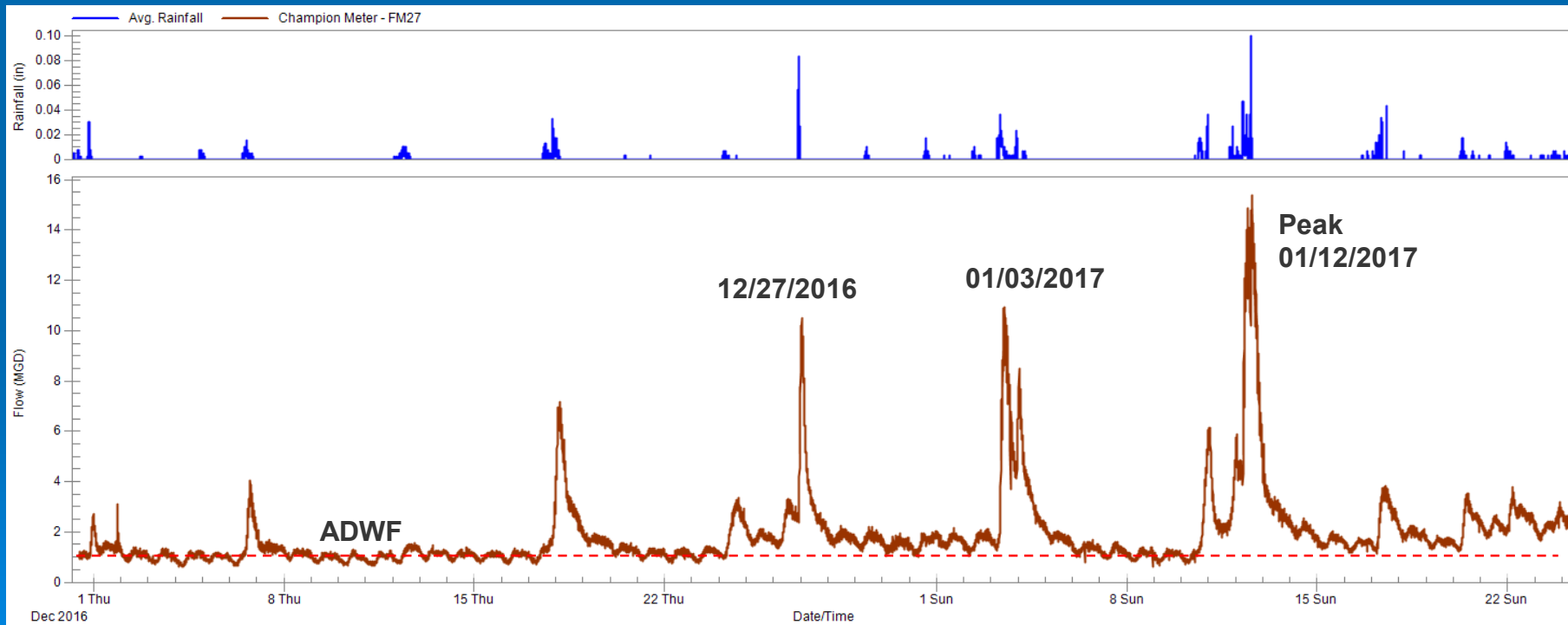
Champion Meter Pit



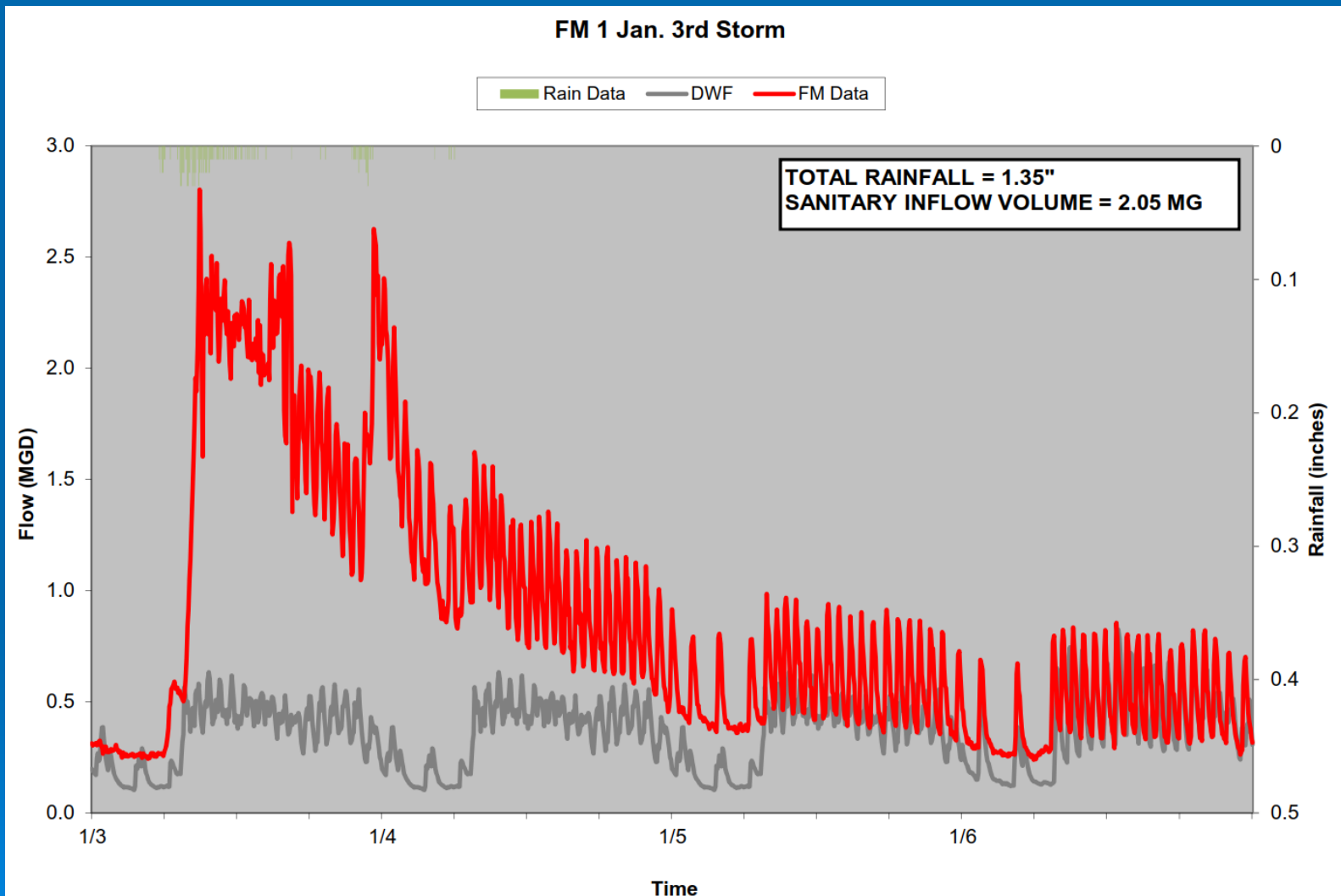
Task 1 – Flow Monitoring

Flow from Champion

- Average Dry Weather Day ~ 1MGD 6% WPC Design Flow
- Peak Flow recorded on Jan 12, 2017 ~ 15MGD
37.5% WPC Peak Flow

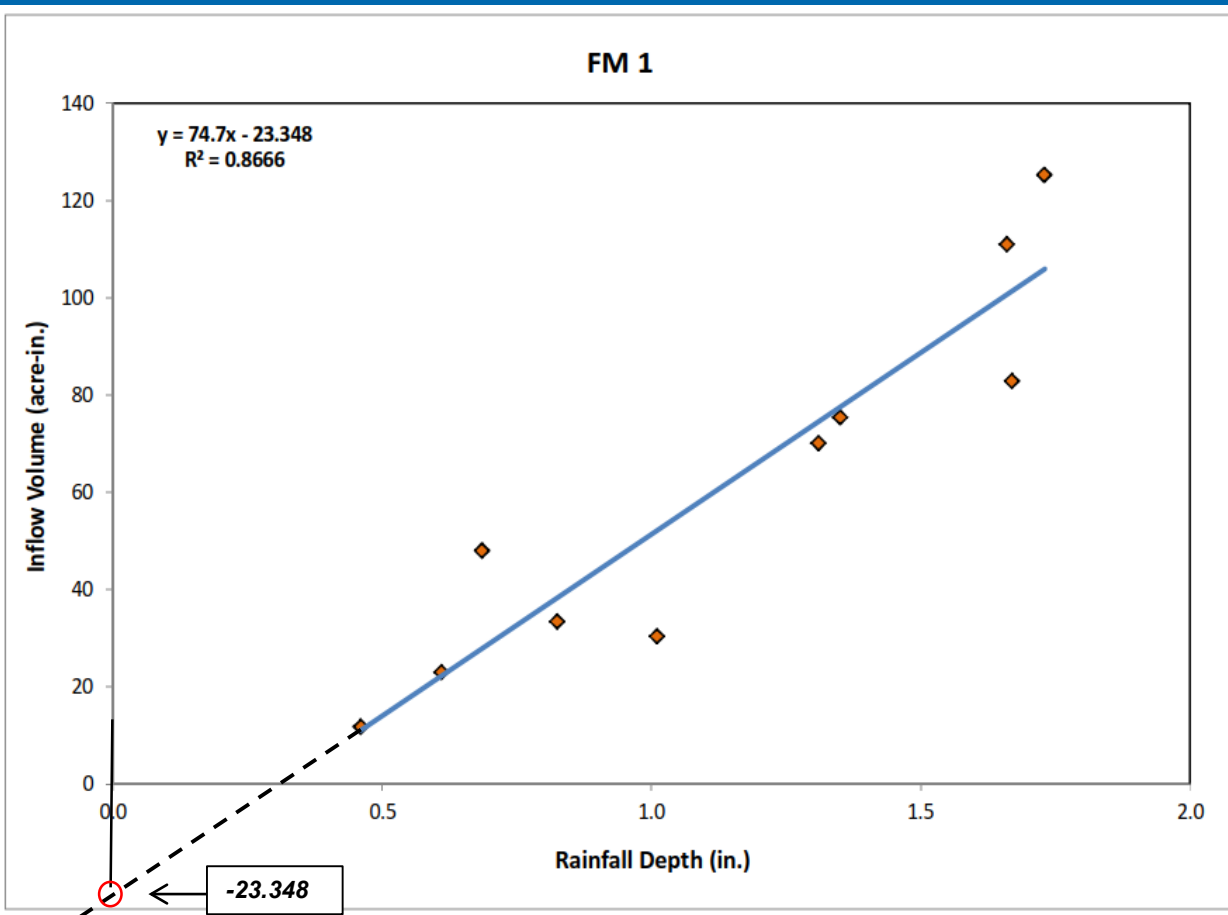


Task 1 – FM Report



Task 1 – FM Report

Inflow Volume Linear Regression



- *Estimates depression storage*
- *Minimum rain that causes a response*
- *Predict Inflow*
- *Calculate Wet Weather I/I Ratio*

Task 1 – FM Report

Wet Weather Flow

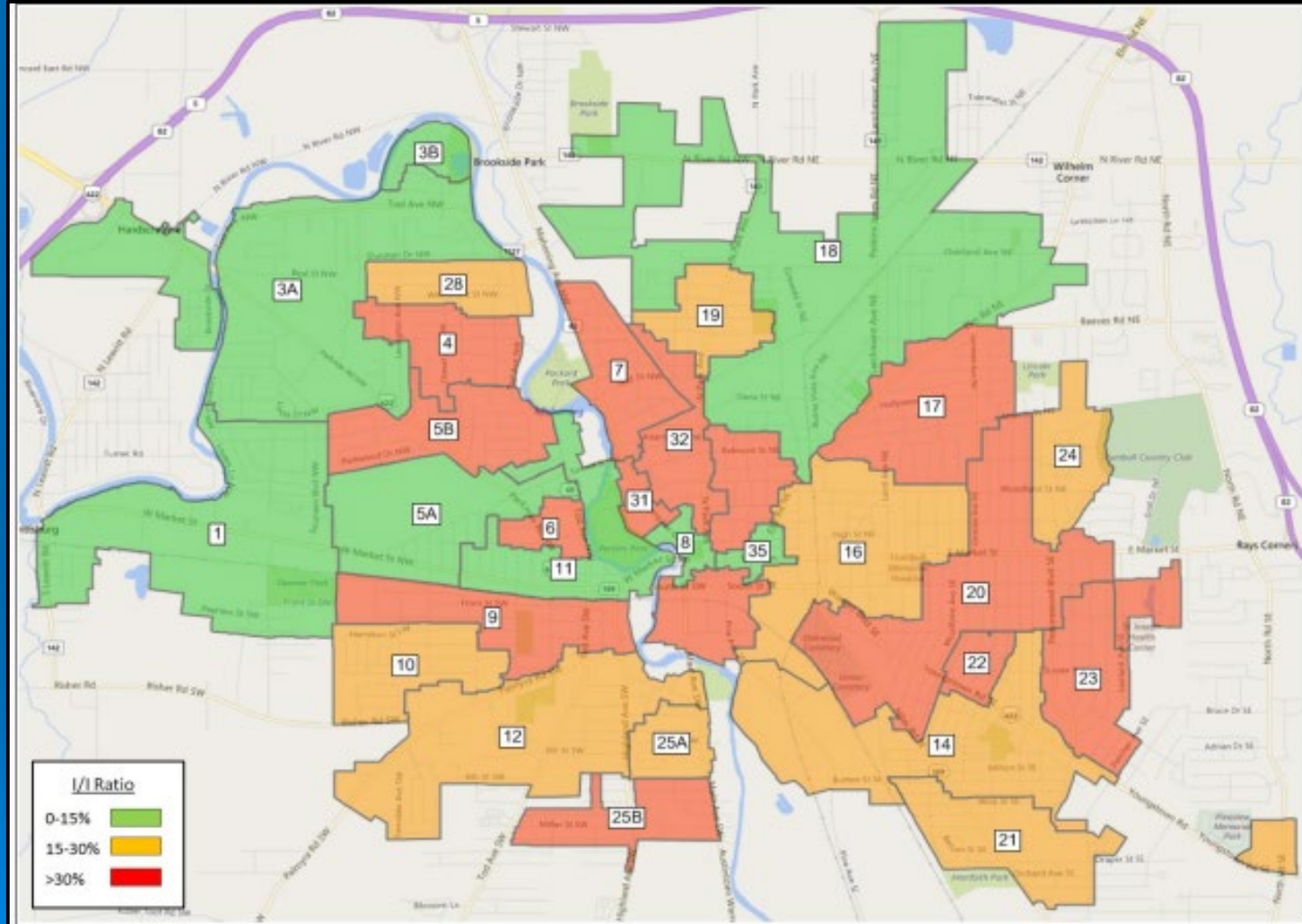
Dry Weather Flow

Flow Meter	Area (acres)	Adjusted Slope	Adjusted Y-Intercept	I/I Ratio (%)	Minimum Rainfall (in)
FM 6	60	36.742	2.8097	61.2	0.00
FM 25b	159	94.456	-11.791	59.4	0.12
FM 32	146	82.745	-14.35	56.7	0.17
FM 15	249	109.07	-13.386	43.7	0.12
FM 5b	236	96.491	-19.846	40.9	0.21
FM 17	320	127.82	10.372	39.9	0.00
FM 7	172	67.83	-11.938	39.4	0.18
FM 22	60	22.192	0.5388	37.0	0.00
FM 8+33	264	96.432	-21.782	36.6	0.23
FM 23	202	72.159	-1.9286	35.7	0.03
FM 4	168	57.032	-4.5161	34.0	0.08
FM 9	251	78.732	7.5387	31.4	0.00
FM 31	40	12.145	-2.1851	30.4	0.18
FM 19	141	42.069	-10.1	29.8	0.24
FM 24	158	37.673	-4.5887	23.8	0.12
FM 14+20	1864	438.79	-43.96	23.5	0.10
FM 21	241	43.422	-2.2933	18.0	0.05
FM 33	249	44.586	-5.9302	17.9	0.13
FM 10	208	36.546	-4.8173	17.6	0.13
FM 28	127	21.414	-2.6679	16.9	0.12
FM 12	549	89.44	43.084	16.3	0.00
FM 25a	12010	1925.4	-185.81	16.0	0.10
FM 14	1083	172.00	-0.5799	15.9	0.00
FM 16	3096	466.32	-63.142	15.1	0.14
FM 8	264	38.571	3.3436	14.6	0.00
FM 5a	325	46.165	-10.165	14.2	0.22
FM 3a	1578	187.6	-5.7801	11.9	0.03
FM 11	6827	767.39	-91.811	11.2	0.12
FM 1	669	74.7	-23.348	11.2	0.31
FM 18	1356	144.18	-48.662	10.6	0.34
FM 3b	64	2.3513	-0.6749	3.7	0.29
FM 37	3329	103.46	25.344	3.1	0.00

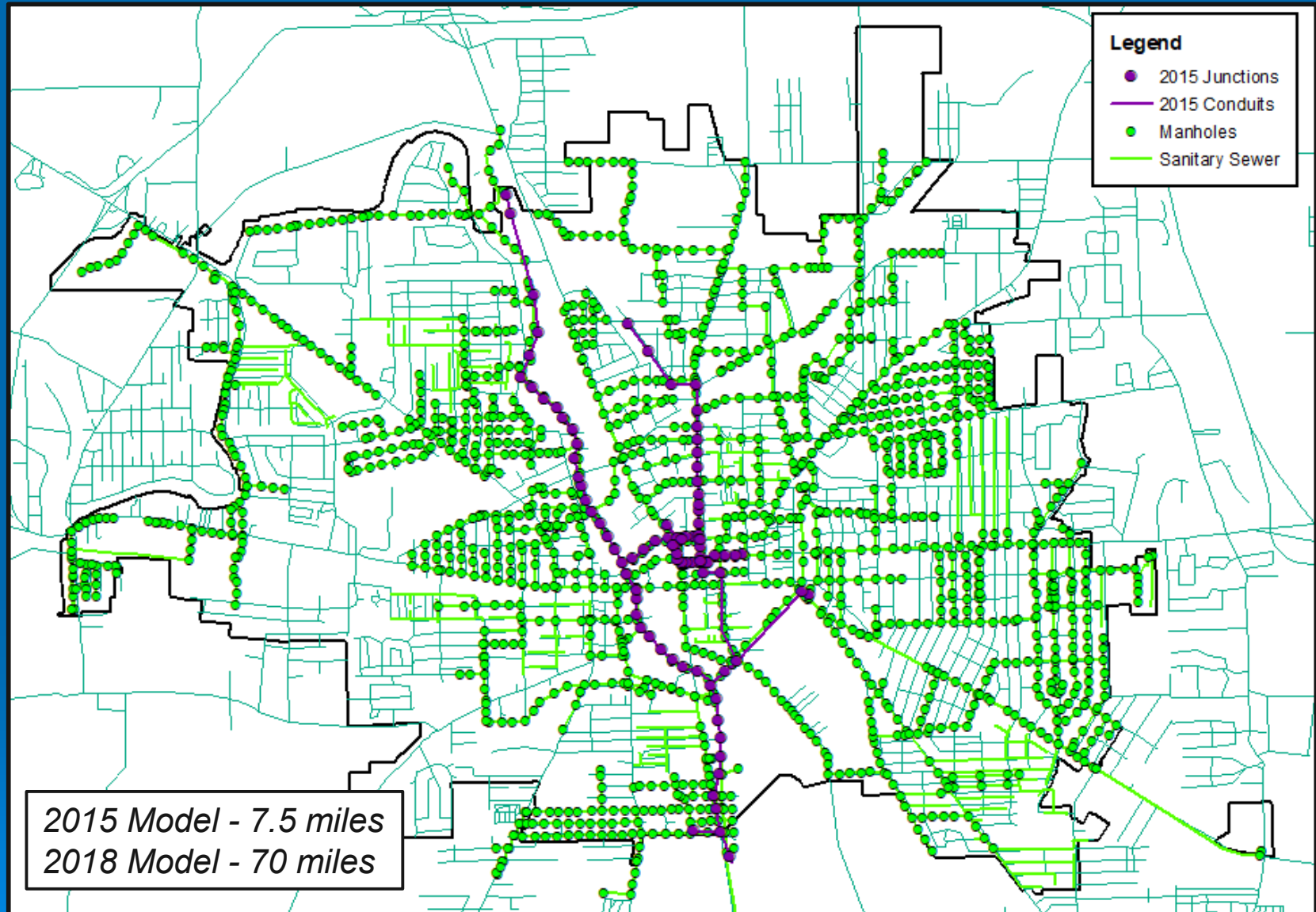
FM	Average Dry Weather Flow		Dry weather I/I		Average I/I (%)
	Weekday (MGD)	Weekend (MGD)	Weekday (MGD)	Weekend (MGD)	
25b	0.389	0.404	0.311	0.327	80.5
14	0.885	0.892	0.678	0.683	76.6
14+20	2.218	1.750	1.598	1.173	69.8
24	0.192	0.209	0.131	0.148	69.7
32	0.260	0.237	0.189	0.157	69.5
8	0.237	0.149	0.169	0.099	69.3
22	0.079	0.074	0.054	0.050	68.1
11	3.346	3.339	2.265	2.211	67.0
8+33	0.440	0.352	0.294	0.232	66.4
37	0.757	0.787	0.507	0.508	65.7
25a	5.948	6.832	3.767	4.494	64.6
20	1.333	0.858	0.919	0.491	64.4
15	0.324	-	0.207	-	63.8
33	0.203	0.203	0.125	0.133	63.5
31	0.039	0.039	0.027	0.022	62.8
18	0.595	0.508	0.371	0.309	61.7
21	0.116	0.117	0.072	0.067	59.9
7	0.160	0.182	0.108	0.096	59.6
28	0.058	0.053	0.030	0.035	59.1
16	2.443	2.276	1.494	1.270	58.6
23	0.346	0.380	0.174	0.246	57.9
19	0.040	0.048	0.021	0.030	57.7
17	0.203	0.208	0.118	0.116	57.0
5a	0.058	0.076	0.029	0.044	54.5
5b	0.147	0.183	0.076	0.101	53.6
10	0.137	0.135	0.082	0.061	52.6
4	0.066	0.098	0.032	0.050	50.5
3b	0.015	0.017	0.006	0.009	47.4
6	0.100	0.136	0.050	0.054	43.8
9	0.078	0.098	0.034	0.034	38.5
3a	0.345	0.799	0.125	0.307	37.8
12	0.157	0.150	0.054	0.047	32.8
1	0.357	0.378	0.091	0.107	26.9

Task 1 – FM Report

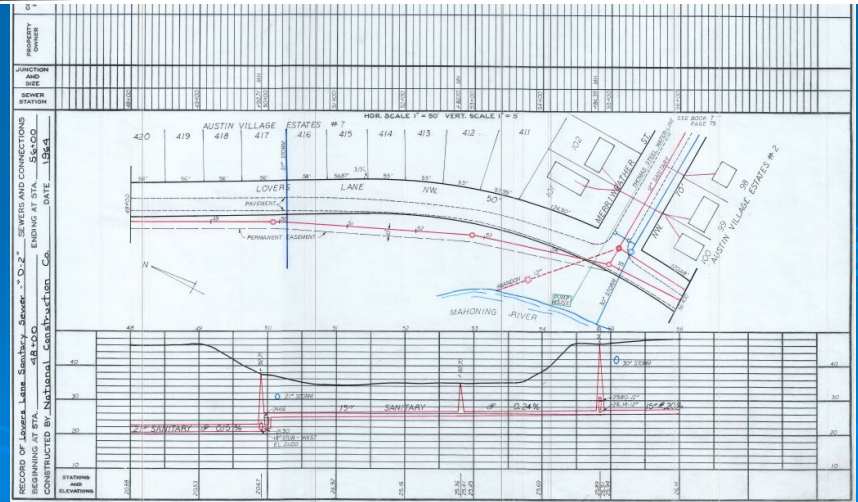
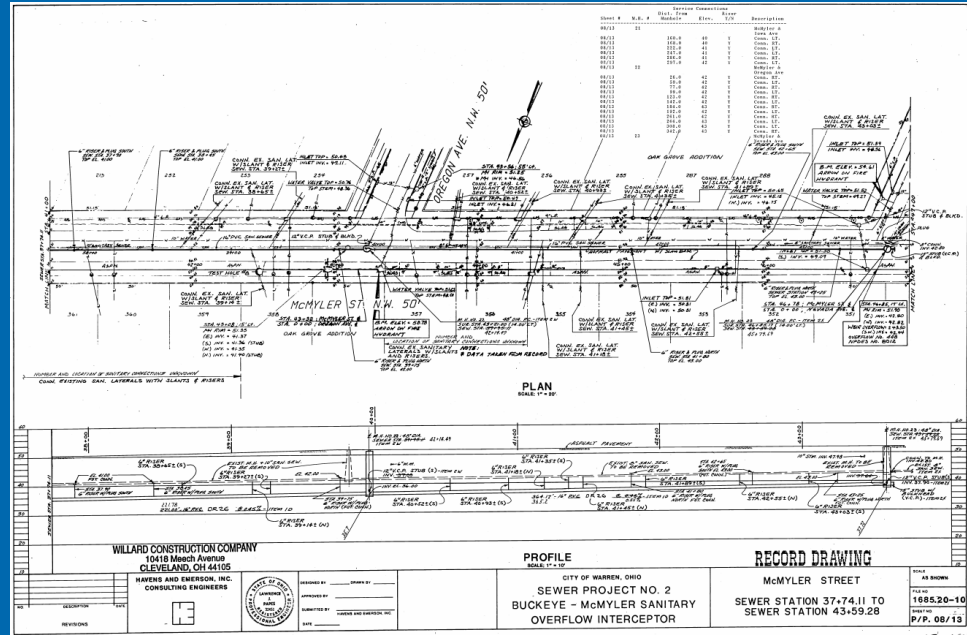
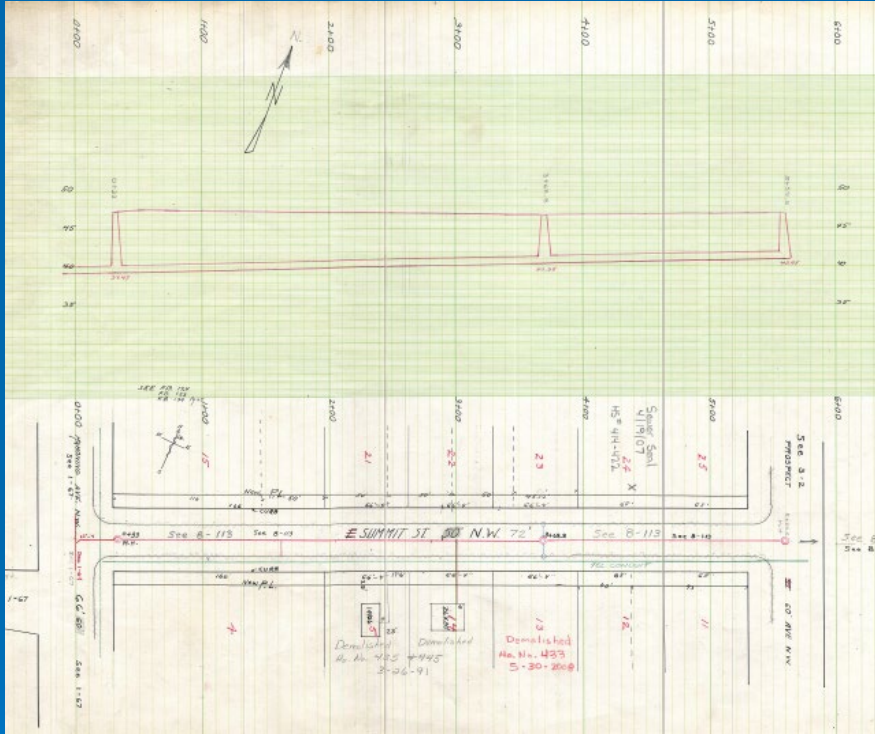
Wet Weather Flow



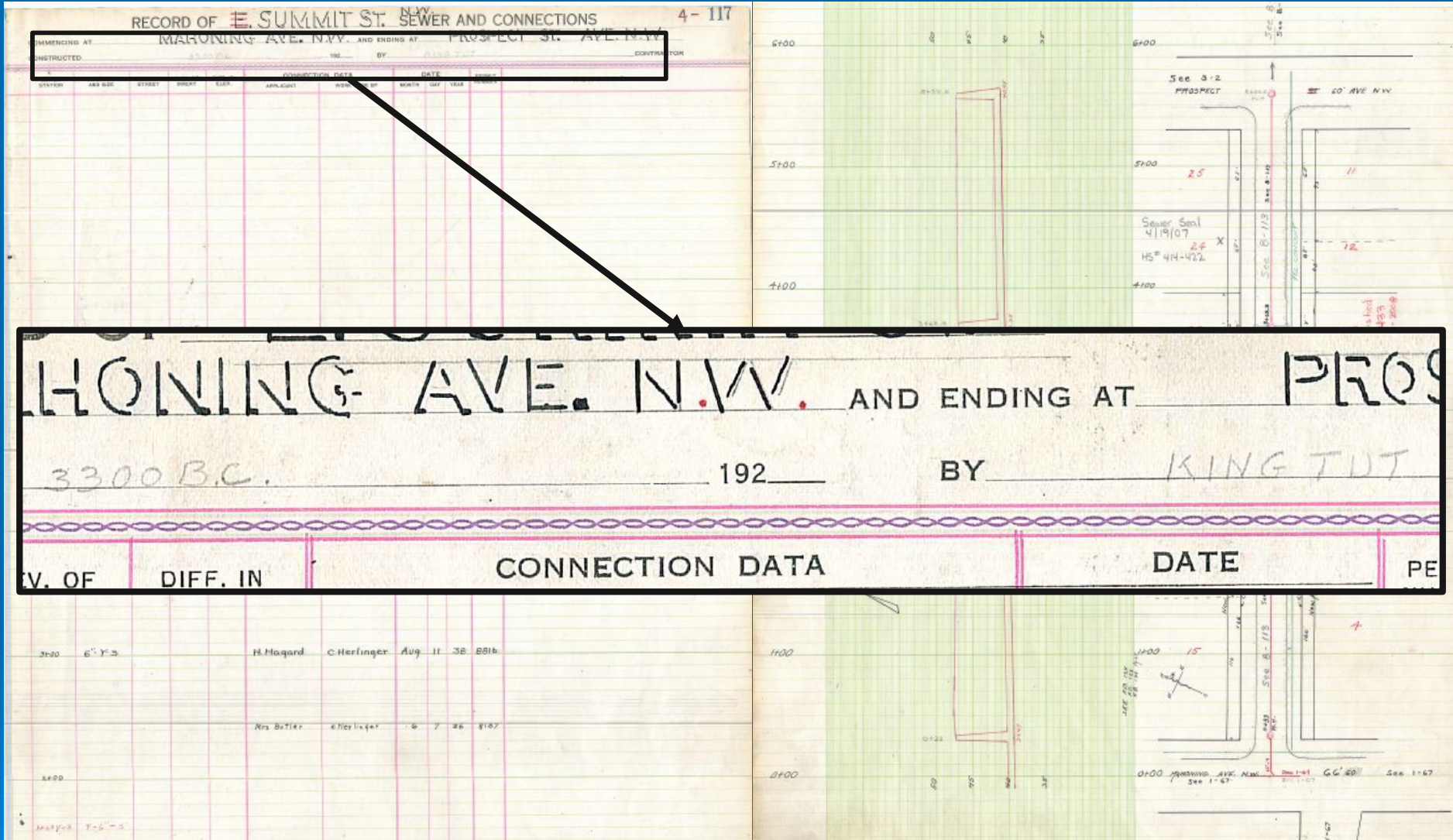
Task 2 - Hydraulic Modeling



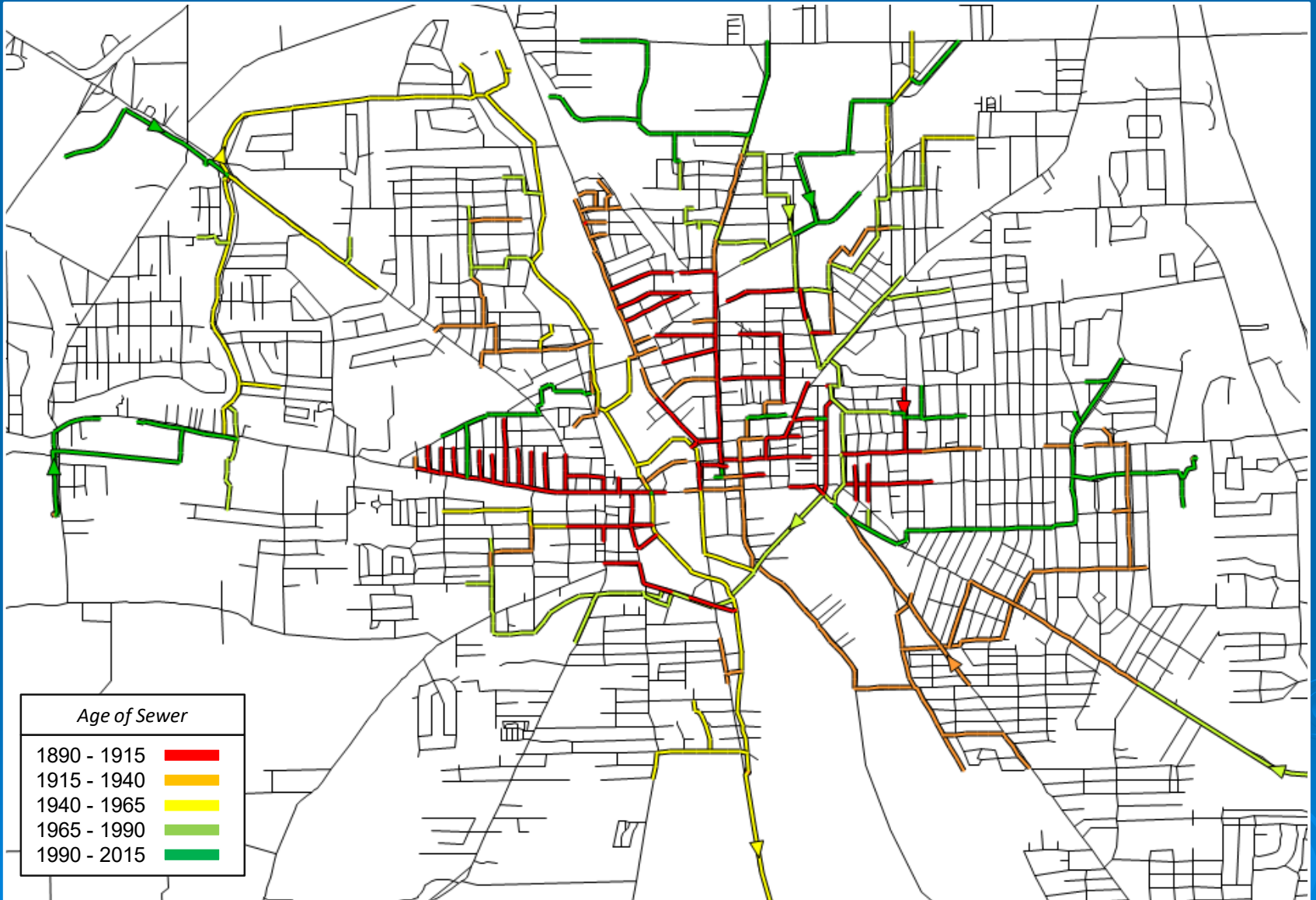
Task 2 - Hydraulic Modeling



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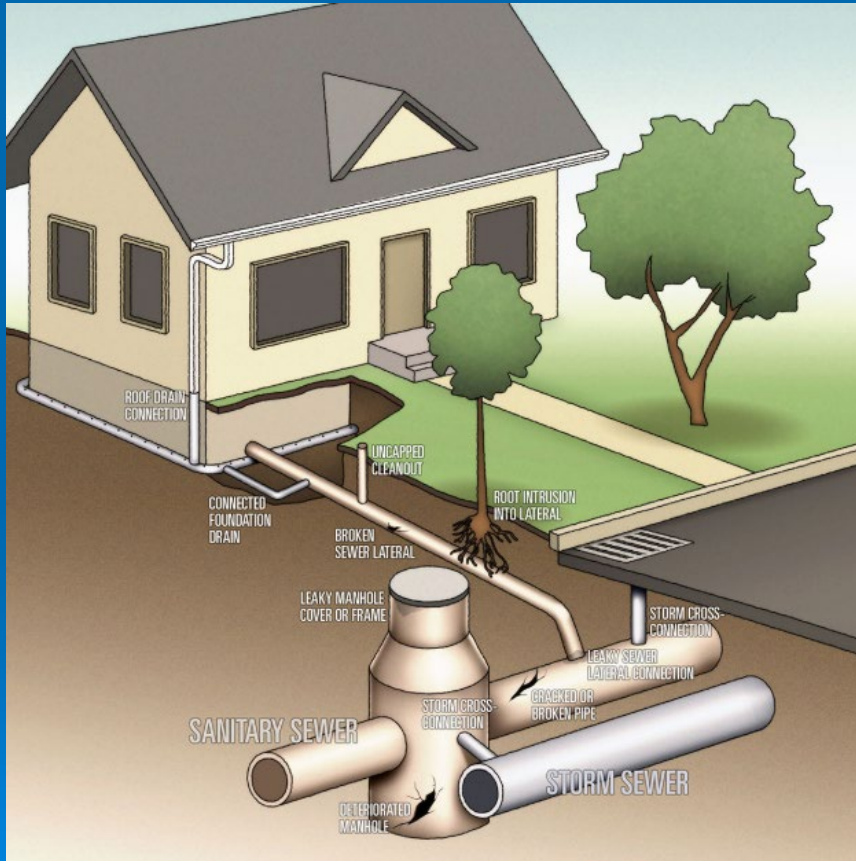
Task 2 - Hydraulic Modeling



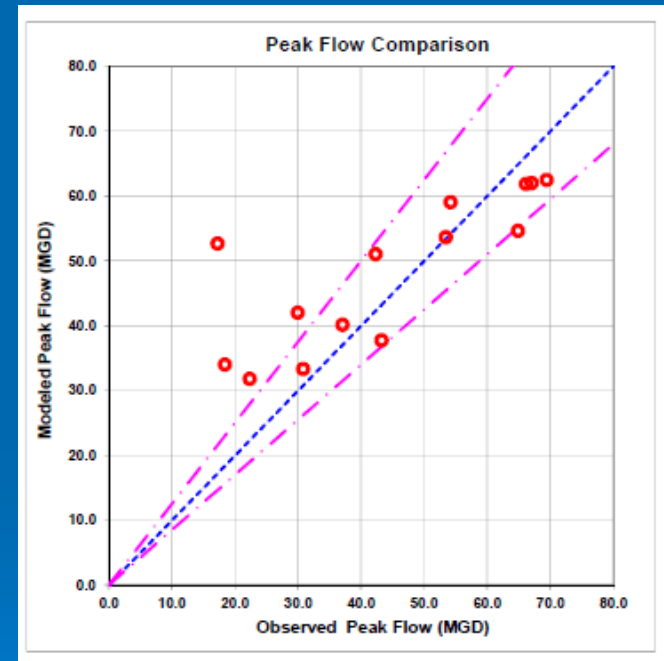
Task 2 - Hydraulic Modeling

Model Calibration

- Utilized PCSWMM 6.1



Utilized NEORS D Modeling Standards



Task 2 - Hydraulic Modeling

Subcatchments

- % impervious area
- flow length
- slope
- surface depression
- groundwater



Task 2 - Hydraulic Modeling

Groundwater Effects

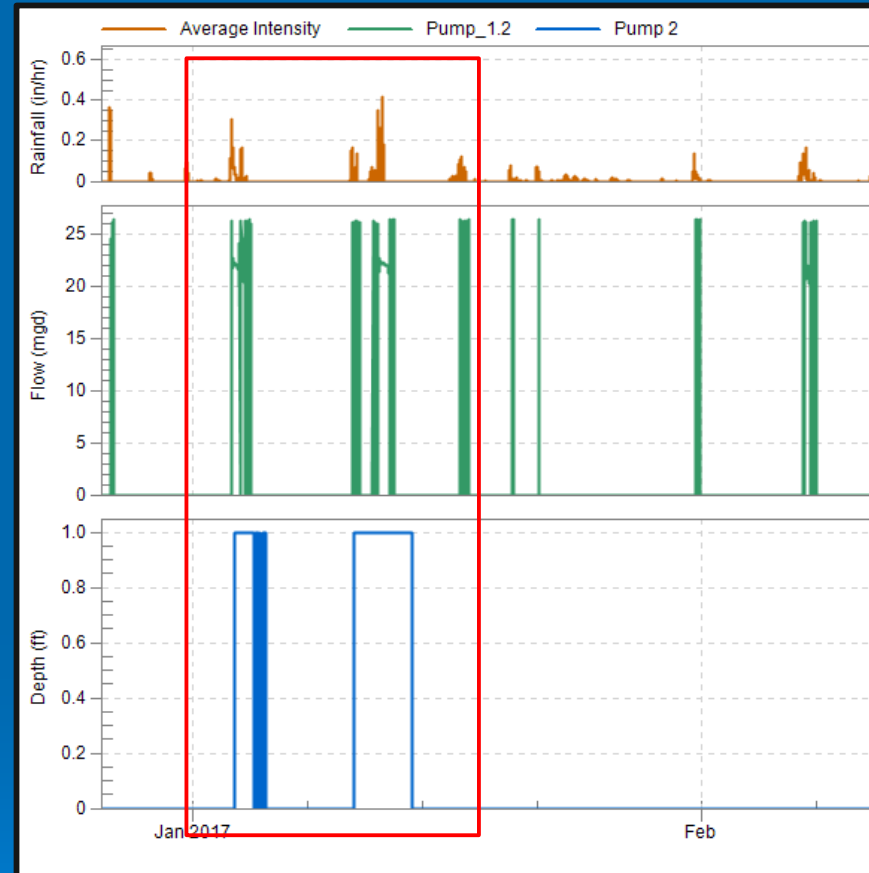


Task 2 - Hydraulic Modeling

Issue = Inconsistent pump station operations

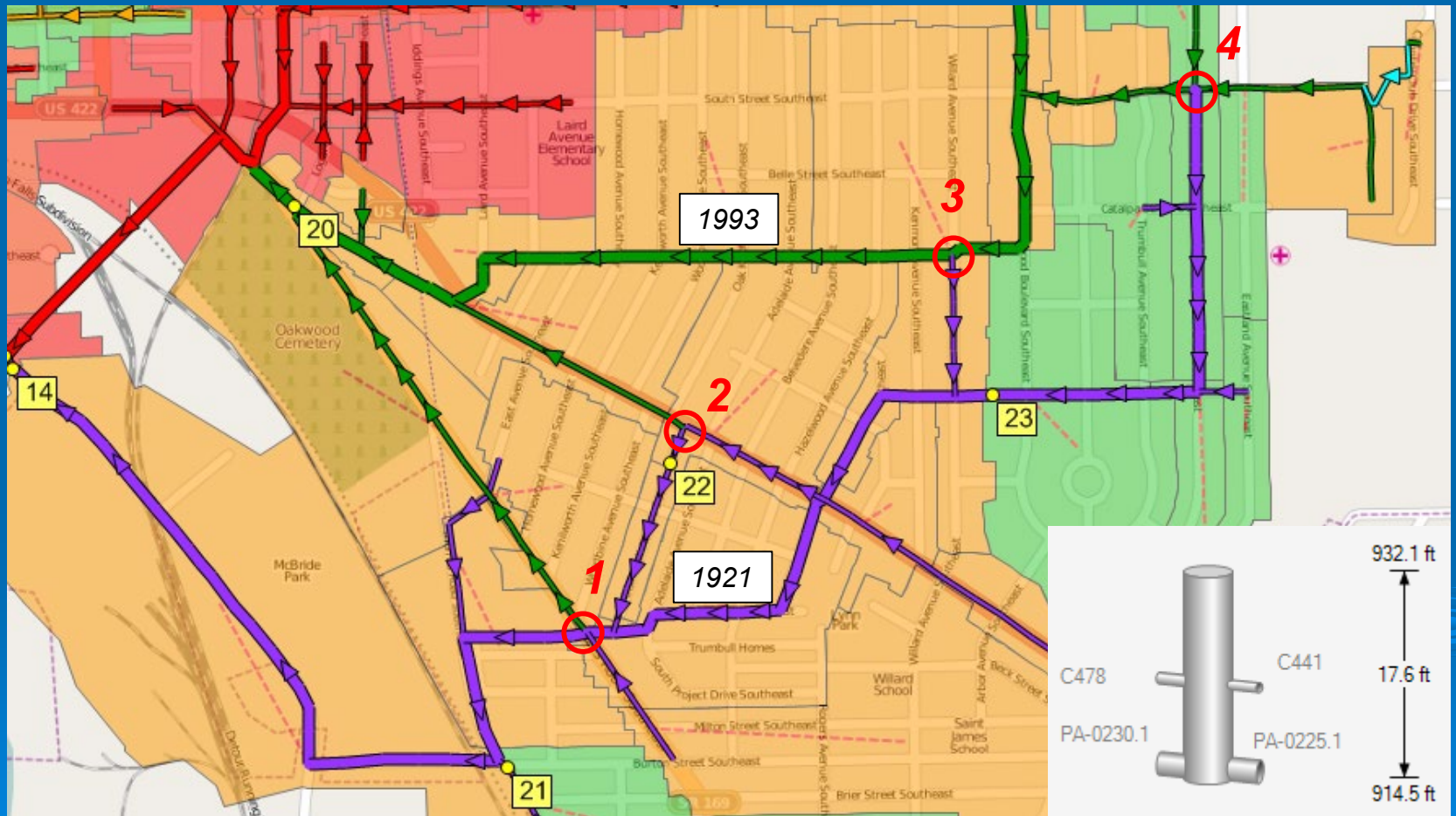
Solution = Created a time series that alters the pump curve

- *Factor of 0 = off, Factor of 1 = on*



Task 2 – Other System Investigations

SE Sewer



Task 2 - Hydraulic Modeling

Model Calibration Issues

1. *Main Pump Station*
2. *Unknown Interactions between Trunk Sewers*
3. *Mahoning River Influence*
4. *Un-modeled Pipes*
5. *Unknown Factors – flow restrictions, extra sources of I/I, inaccurate record drawings, covered or buried manholes*

Task 2 – Baseline Model

Baseline Model serves as the platform for which sewer alternatives will be analyzed.

What will the baseline parameters include?

- 1. Infrastructure Upgrades Planned in the Immediate Future*
 - Main PS Upgrade from 40 MGD to 55 MGD*
- 2. Elimination of High St. Overflow*

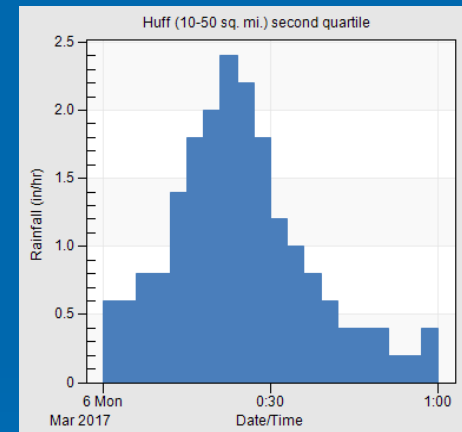
After baseline changes applied then alternative analysis can begin.

Alternatives Report

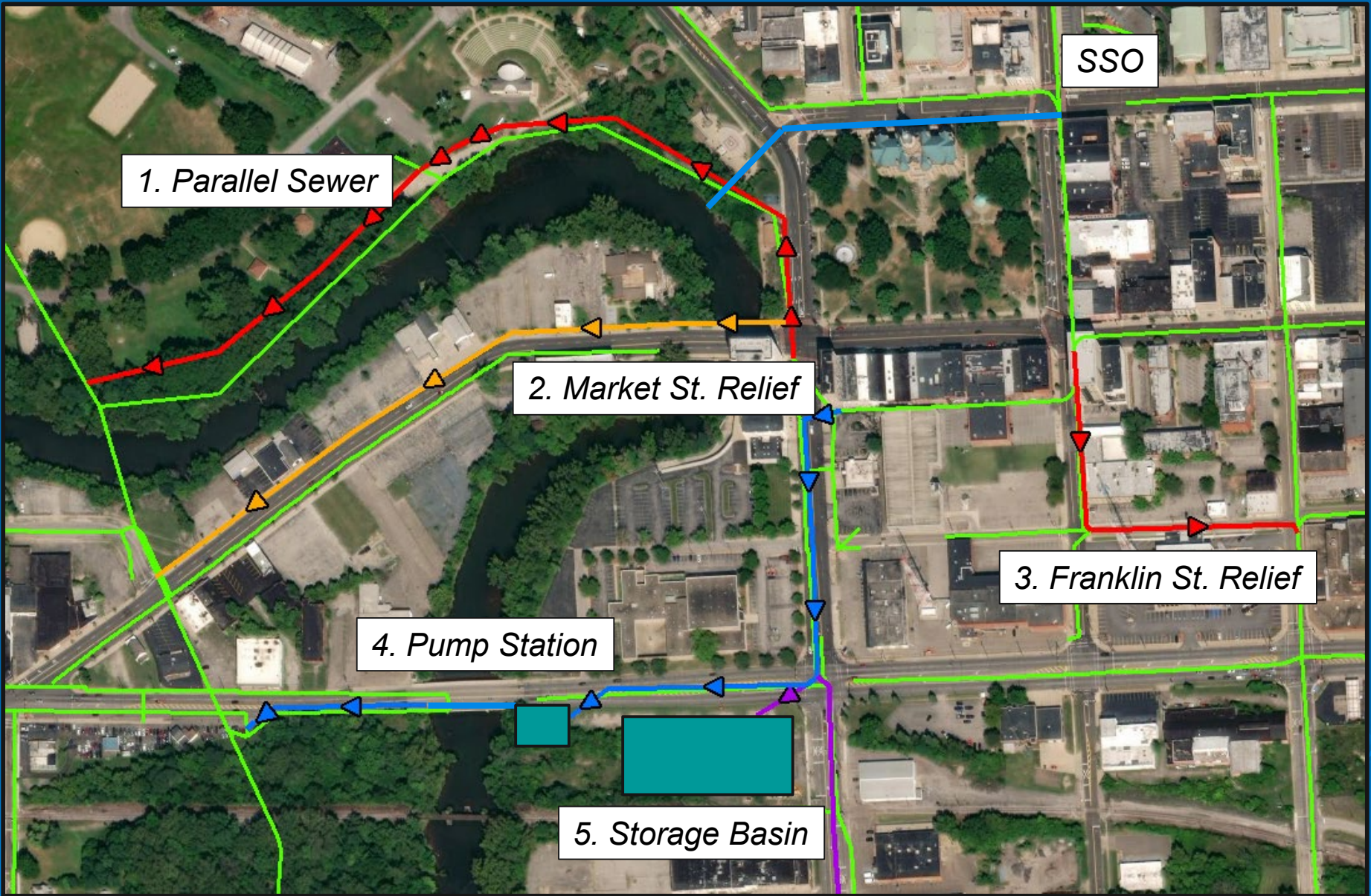
Level of Control

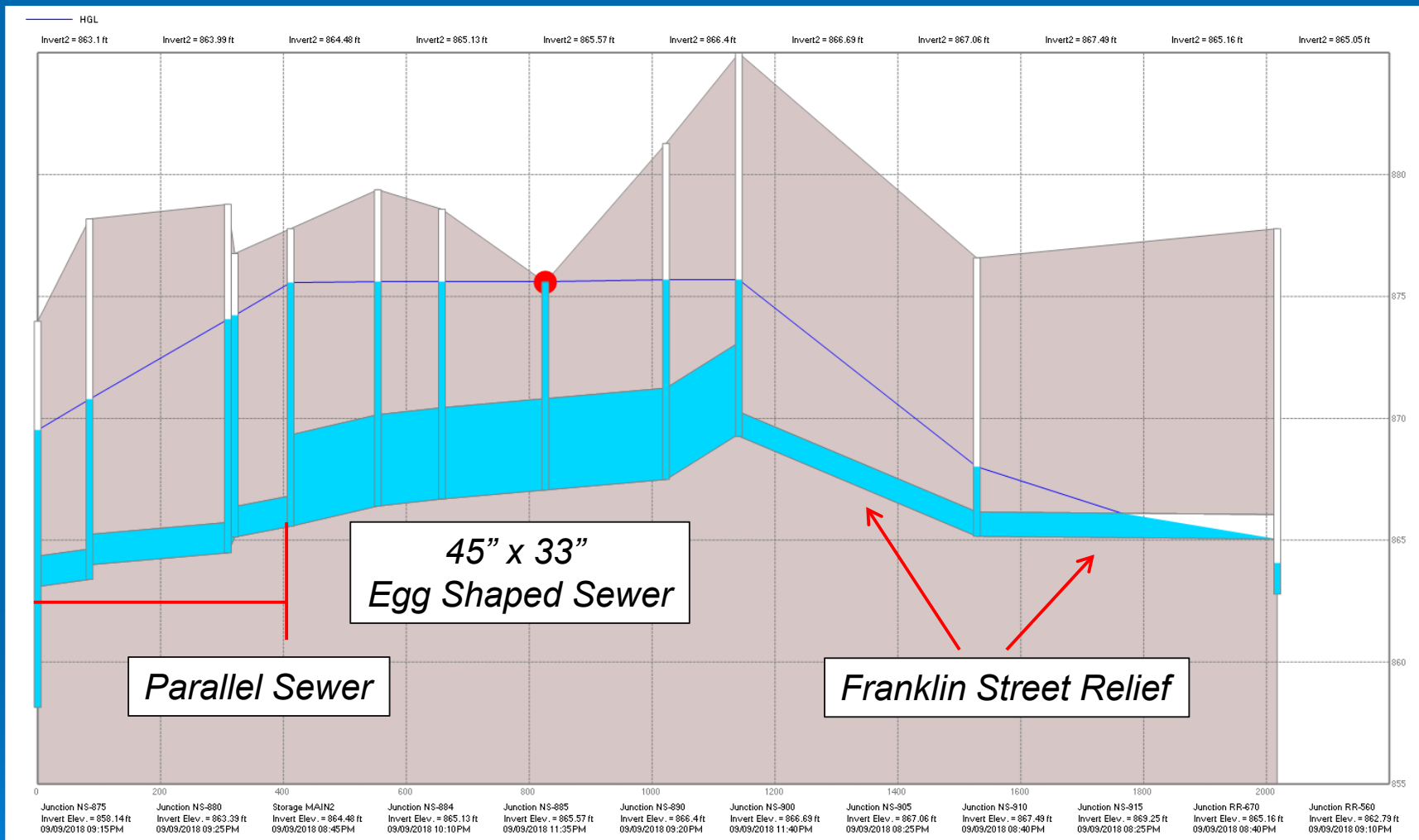
Based on results and various system attributes, three (3) different levels of control were selected for analysis.

- *1 year 6 hour storm event*
- *5 year 6 hour storm event*
- *10 year 6 hour storm event*



Implement alternatives and leave the monitored High Street SSO open until large rain events occur to demonstrate that flooding has been eliminated.





Warren Current Sewer Project Schedule

EPA Requirements

- *David Grohl Alley Rehabilitation – January 1, 2020*
- *I/I Pilot Study – January 1, 2020*
- *Franklin Street Relief - December 1, 2020*
- *I/I Expanded Study - January 1, 2021*
- *Perkins Park Parallel Relief Sewer - June 1, 2021*

The Sewer System Model allows Warren to make better decisions as we move through projects.

Questions?