SUSTAINING SCIOTO

MID-OHIO REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION



Ohio Water Environment Association Watershed Workshop November 12, 2015

SUSTAINING SCIOTO PARTNERS









DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC UTILITIES





OHIO WATER DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY



Mid-Ohio Regional Planning Commission

THE PAST \neq THE FUTURE **2014**



WHAT IS SUSTAINING SCIOTO?

- Models the effects of climate change on the Upper Scioto River Basin
- Uses technical data, climate modeling, and stakeholder input
- Develops an adaptive management plan for the region



UPPER SCIOTO RIVER BASIN

- **3,200** square mile watershed
- Provides drinking water for nearly 2 million
- Provides **85%** of the region's surface water supply

Sustaining Scioto Study Area



USGS MODELING

- Model developed for the Upper Scioto River basin
- Calibrated and validated the model
- Simulated runoff characteristics for climatic conditions that are projected to occur in the future (with and without anticipated population growth and build-out)







Actual vs Projected Annual Mean Temperature (F)



Year

Actual vs Projected Annual Mean Precipitation (in)



CLIMATE & WATERSHED MODEL RESULTS



Overall Prioritization Methodology

Predicted Changes		
Evaluated changing conditions & ranked	Risks Ranked based on	Adaptation Strategies
based on <i>LIKELIHOOD</i> of occurrence	<i>IMPACT</i> on the region	Ranked based on <i>TIMING</i> and <i>REGIONAL</i> <i>CONDITIONS</i>

Prioritization Methodology: Predicted Changes



- Highly likely to occur:
 - Linked to defined trends from the model results and climate data
- Medium probability of occurrence:
 - Results shown in the models
 - Less distinct trends
 - Associated with build-out or trends in precipitation
- Low probability of occurrence:
 - Not directly predicted by the model results
 - Considered less likely to occur based on the analysis

PREDICTED CHANGES AND THEIR LIKELIHOOD OF OCCURRENCE

No.	Predicted Changes	Likelihood of Occurrence	
1	Increased air temperatures/increased incidence of heat waves	High	
2	Increased water temperature	High	
3	Warmer soil temperatures/decreased soil moisture	High	
4	Higher maximum flows (30- and 7-day higher peak river flows)	Medium	
5	Extended dry periods/summer drought (decreased minimum 30-day stream flow)	Medium	
6	Increased intensity of rain and wind events	Medium	
7	Change in vegetation/animal species composition	Low	

Prioritization Methodology: Risks







Lower

Water Quality

Loss of Power

Increased energy bills

Damage to infrastructure

Increase Economic

burden of repairs

ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT APPROACH



Iterative Approach:

re-evaluate and adjust as new information becomes available

Identification of Adaptation Strategies



- Types of Strategies:
 - Planning
 - Operational
 - Capital Improvement
- Estimate relative costs: \$, \$\$, \$\$\$
- No Regrets Strategies

ADAPTIVE MANAGEMENT PLANNING

Short Term 2015 – 2025

- Expand monitoring
- Increase emergency preparedness
- Source Management (Demand)
- Regional collaboration & public education

Mid-Range Term 2026 – 2045

- Regional Water Supply Plan
- Groundwater Supply Study
- Water reuse
- Enhance reservoir capacity
- Watershed Management Plan (Nutrient/ Pollutant Reduction)
- Re-evaluate climatic conditions

Long-Range Term 2046 – 2090

- Implement improvements from mid-range plans
- Re-evaluate climatic conditions

SUSTAINING SCIOTO: ADAPTATION STRATEGIES

Recommended Adaptation Strategies for Protecting Water Quality

Strategy	No Regrets	Cost
Planning and Policy		
Develop Water Quality Monitoring Plan	✓	\$
Develop an Agricultural Nutrient Management Program	✓	\$
Implement public education on water quality, water supply & climate change impacts	✓	\$
Modify local ordinances to promote low impact development, stormwater harvesting/reuse	•	\$
Develop Regional Watershed Management Plan to reduce nutrient runoff	✓	\$
Operational		
Implement increased fertilizer reduction programs, revegetation of riparian buffer zones, and other non-structural practices	•	\$\$
Capital Improvement		
Implement reservoir capital improvement projects		\$\$
Implement pollutant reduction projects (BMPs) to reduce pollutants of concern		\$\$\$

SUSTAINING SCIOTO: ADAPTATION STRATEGIES

Agriculture: Mitigating Impacts from Increased Heat and Changes in Flow

Strategy	No Regrets	Cost
Planning and Policy		
Implement public outreach and education on water quality issues		\$
Establish partnerships among key stakeholders		\$
Modify local ordinances to require LID, reduce impervious areas, and reuse stormwater		\$
Develop Regional Water Supply Management Plan for extended drought conditions		\$
Determine future water agricultural needs and recycled water for irrigation potential		\$
Develop guide for and promote rainwater and stormwater harvesting/reuse		\$
Operational		
Implement agricultural conservation practices		\$
Adjust crop mix and/or planting schedules, as needed		\$
Develop crop insurance programs to reduce chemicals used		\$\$
Alter livestock feeding schedules and nutritional balance		\$
Capital Improvement		
Work with farmers to install advance irrigation systems to reduce water use		\$\$
Install controlled drainage in agricultural fields		\$\$
Develop local agricultural water sources such as irrigation, ponds, cisterns		\$–\$\$
Build wastewater reclamation systems for industrial and agricultural water use		\$\$\$
Install heat abatement equipment such as fans, shade tarps, sprinklers		\$–\$\$

SUSTAINING SCIOTO: ADAPTATION STRATEGIES

Mitigating Impact of Damage to Infrastructure / Failure Related to Increased Intensity of Rain and Wind Events			
Strategy	No Regrets	Cost	
Planning and Policy			
Evaluate increased wastewater and stormwater storage options for extreme events	✓	\$	
Update Regional Emergency Preparedness and Response Plans for extreme weather		\$	
Evaluate wastewater system infrastructure vulnerabilities and needs		\$\$	
Determine appropriate LOS during extreme weather events	\checkmark	\$	
Develop Emergency Power Plan including backup power supplies	\checkmark	\$	
Operational			
Establish SOPs for modified treatment plant operation during extreme events		\$	
Modify local ordinances to require LID, reduce impervious areas, and reuse rainwater		\$	
Implement backup power supplies at pump stations and treatment facilities		\$\$	
Capital Improvement			
Rehabilitate or replace most vulnerable infrastructure		\$\$	
Set aside land to support future flood-proofing needs (berms, dikes etc.)		\$\$\$	
Implement flood control strategies at the WWTP and protect vulnerable infrastructure		\$\$\$	
Increase capacity for wastewater and stormwater collection, treatment, and discharge		\$\$\$	



Results

- Increased air & water temperature
- Degraded water quality
- Increased potential for both floods & droughts
- More extreme storm events

Challenges to Utilities & Region

- Need for flexibility in operations and management
- Regional issues may require regional collaboration

Adaptive Planning

- Prepare with No-Regrets strategies
- Update plan over time
- Source resiliency; Monitoring; Emergency Preparedness; Regional Collaboration & Education

CONCLUSION: WHAT CAN YOU DO?

- Consider impacts and adaptation strategies
- Identify partners and collaborate
- Develop a timeframe and benchmarks
- Consider how this will impact your community

MID-OHIO REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION

QUESTIONS?

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