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a xylem brand

An Innovative Approach to Retrofitting for Nitrogen Removal

OWEA 2017 TECHNICAL CONFERENCE & EXPO



Innovation

From Wikipedia:

“The application of better solutions that meet new requirements.”

Today's Topics

Nitrogen Removal from Wastewater

- Principles
- Case Studies
 - A: Stabilizing Nitrification in HPO system
 - B: Creating an Anoxic zone
 - C: Denitrifying STEP ww

All case studies presented include an (online) process monitoring component



Why Nitrogen Removal?

Required by Discharge Permit

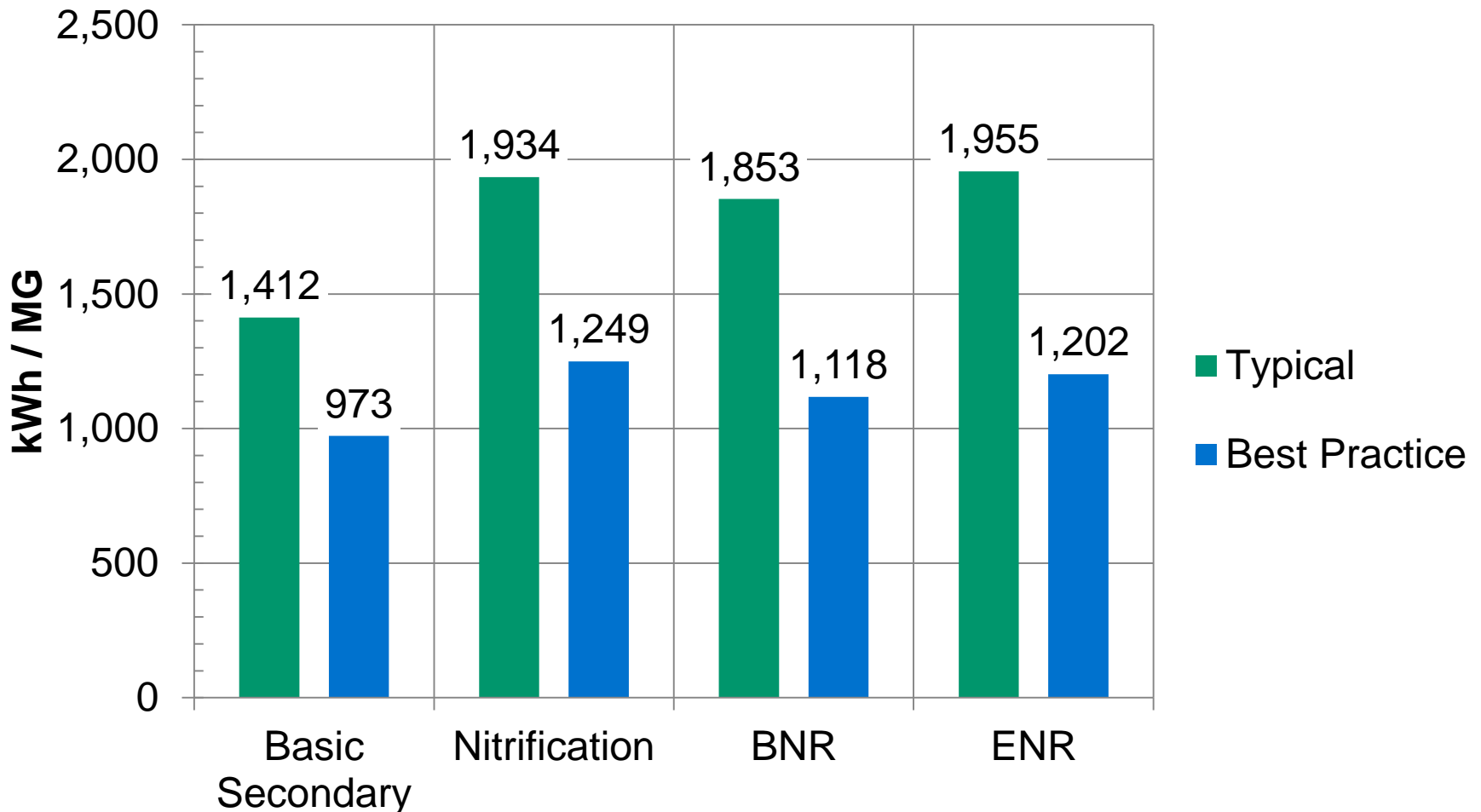
Improve Water Quality (avoid future limit)

Increase Revenue (water quality trading)

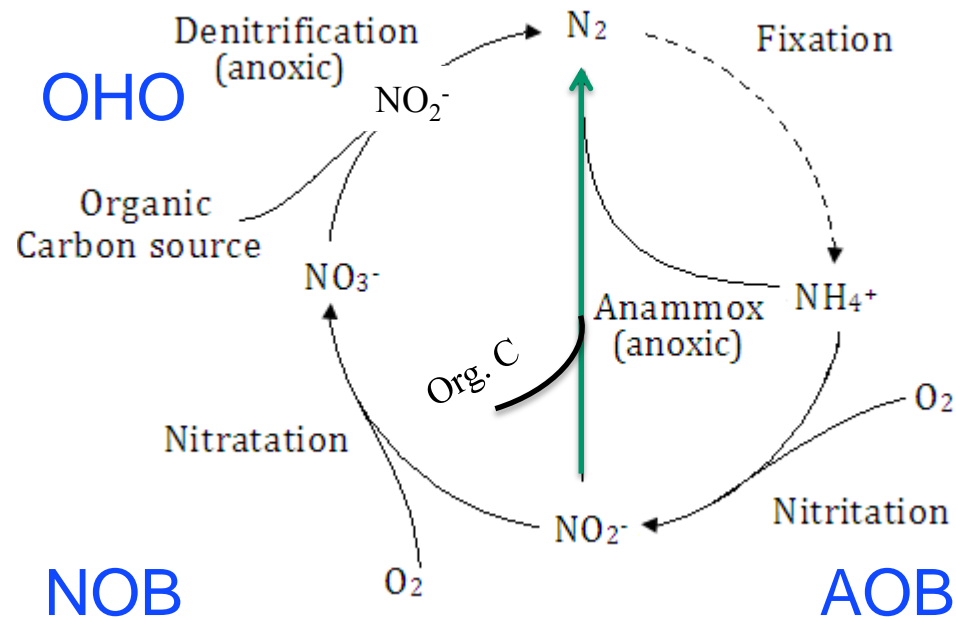
Stabilize Process

Save Energy

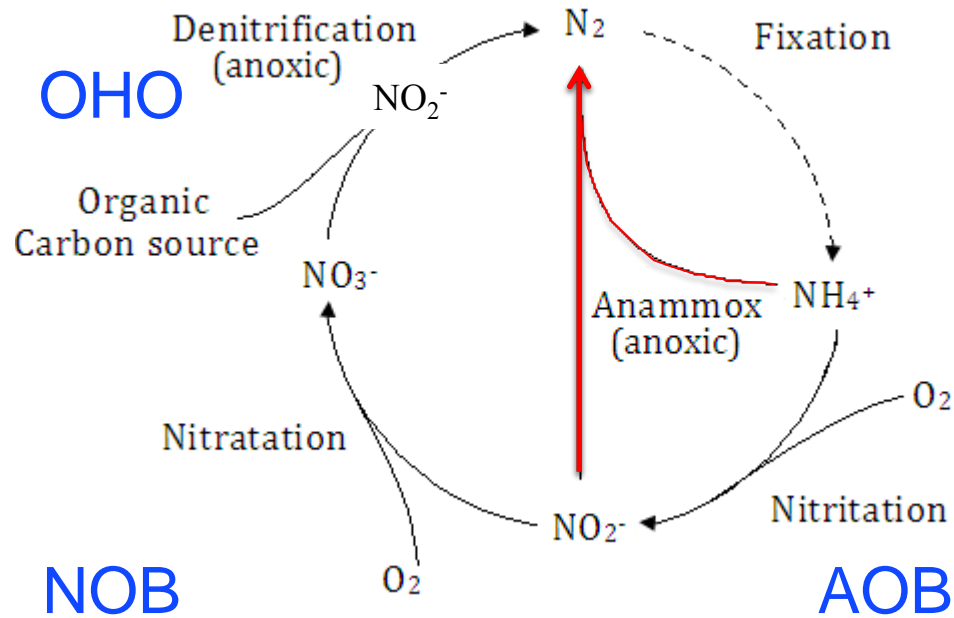
Energy Intensity Benchmarking



The Microbiological Nitrogen Cycle



The Microbiological Nitrogen Cycle



3 Requirements for Biological N Removal

Stable nitrification to generate nitrate ($\text{NH}_3 \rightarrow \text{NO}_3$)

Anoxic (low DO, low/negative ORP) conditions

Carbon (BOD) for a source of energy

Case Study A – HPO Activated Sludge

Short retention time – conditions change fast

Caustic added to effluent to meet pH requirements

Summer limit: 1.9 mg NH₃-N / L

Winter limit: 5.0 mg NH₃-N / L
(30-day average)

Problems maintaining adequate nitrification, especially in Spring



Nitrification

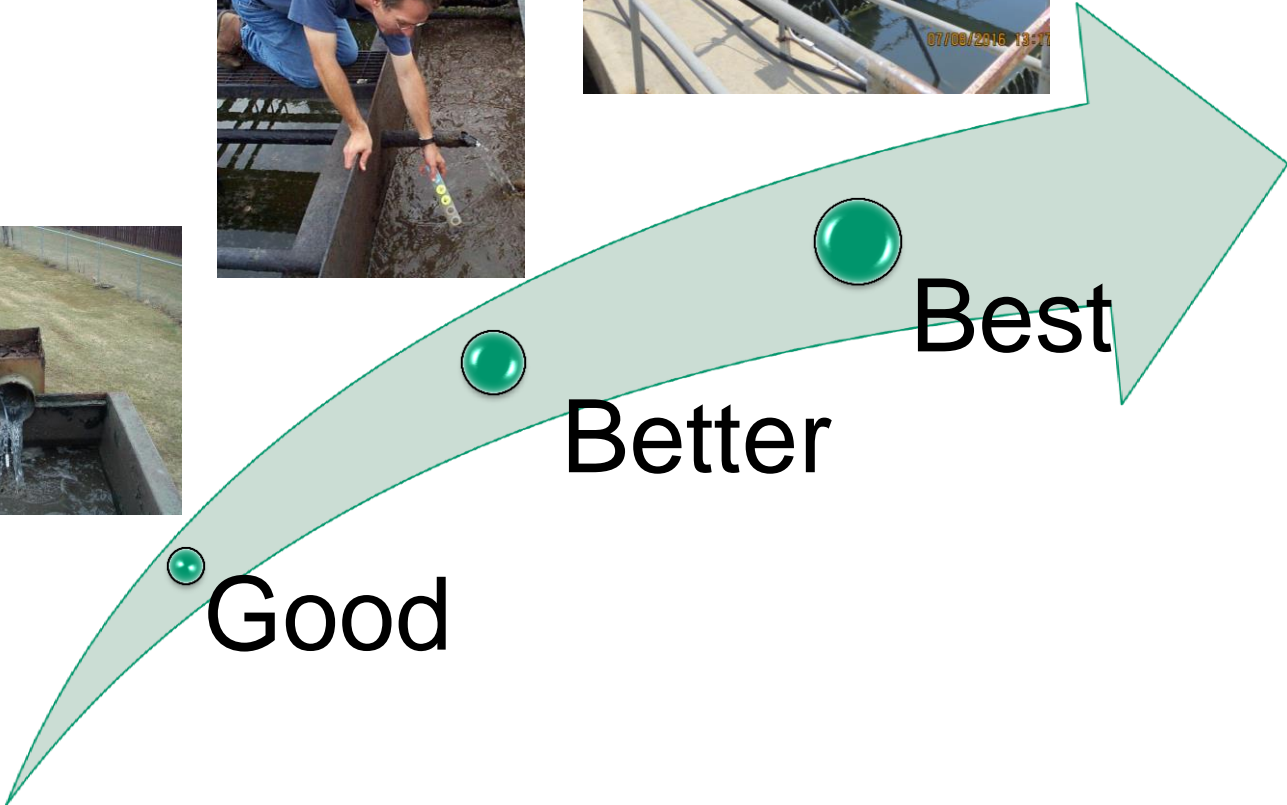
Aeration to provide $DO > 1.0$

Solids Retention Time > 8 days (depends on temperature)

pH – 6.5 to 8.5 (peak rate is around 7.5)

Usually relatively easy to achieve provided DO, SRT, and pH conditions are maintained within acceptable ranges

Measuring Nitrification

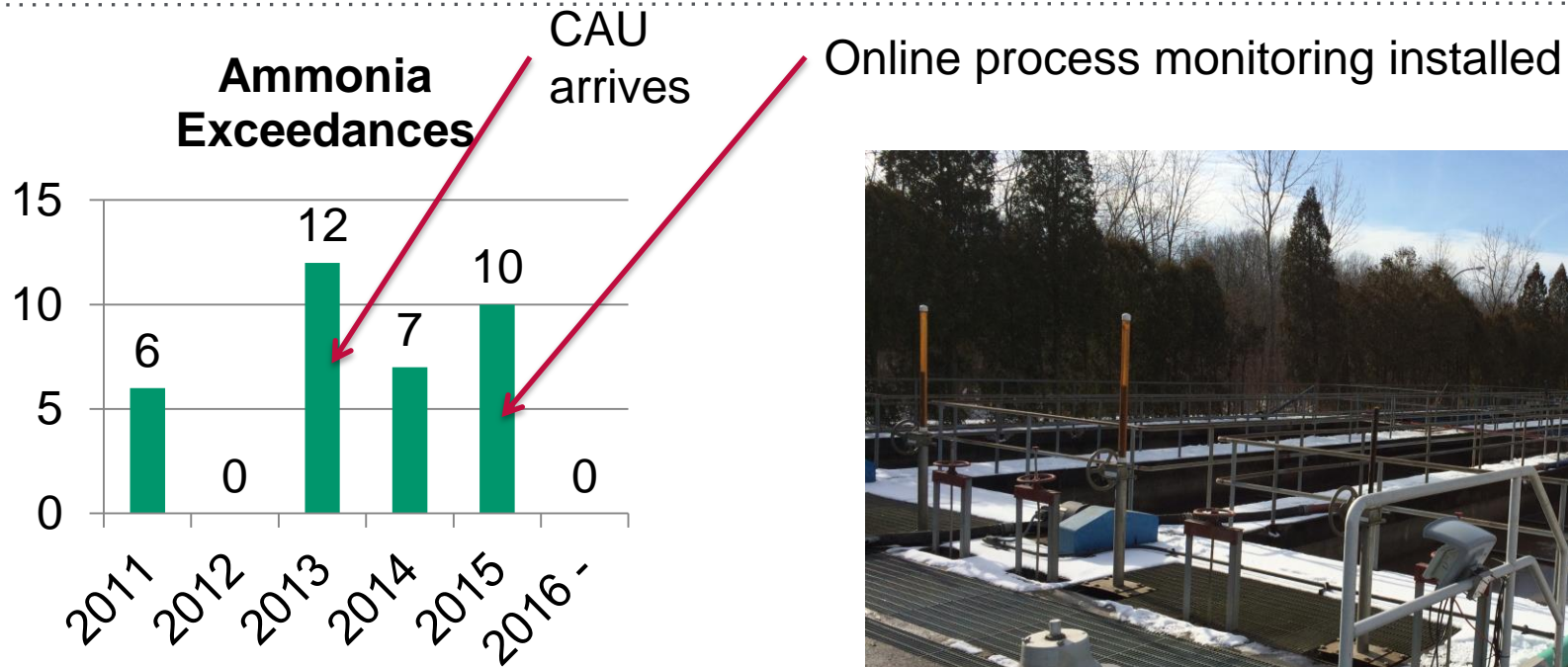


Case Study A – Innovations

Relocated caustic dosing point to upstream from aeration tanks.

Redirected 2nd stage solids to 1st stage.

Installed monitoring system for ammonium, nitrate, and pH.



Case Study B – Extended Aeration Activated Sludge

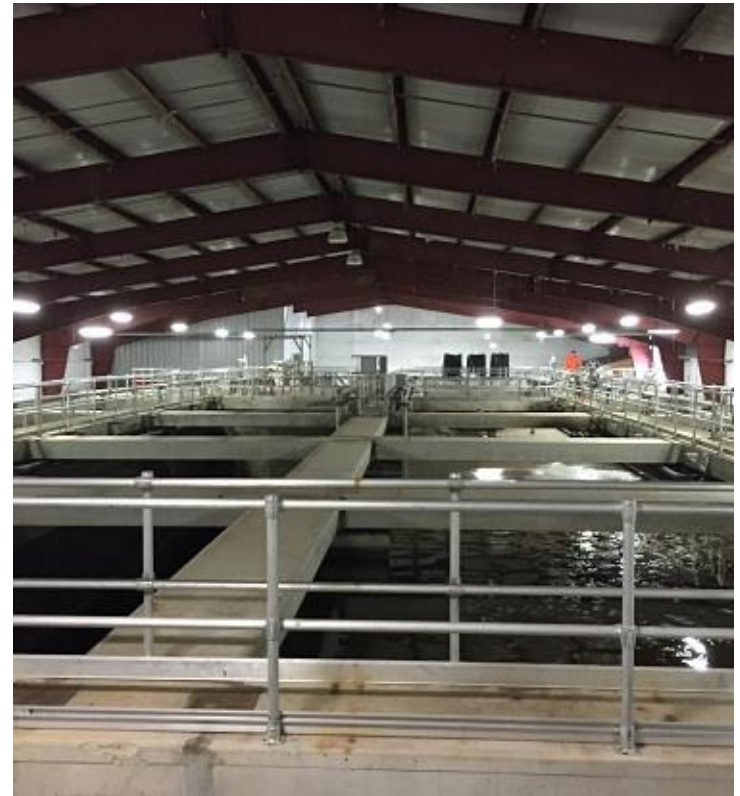
2 x 1-pass aerated tanks (212 kgal. ea.) –
1 in service for daily flow of 260 kgpd

EQ, Sand filters, chlorine disinfection,
post aeration, aerobic sludge storage
tanks

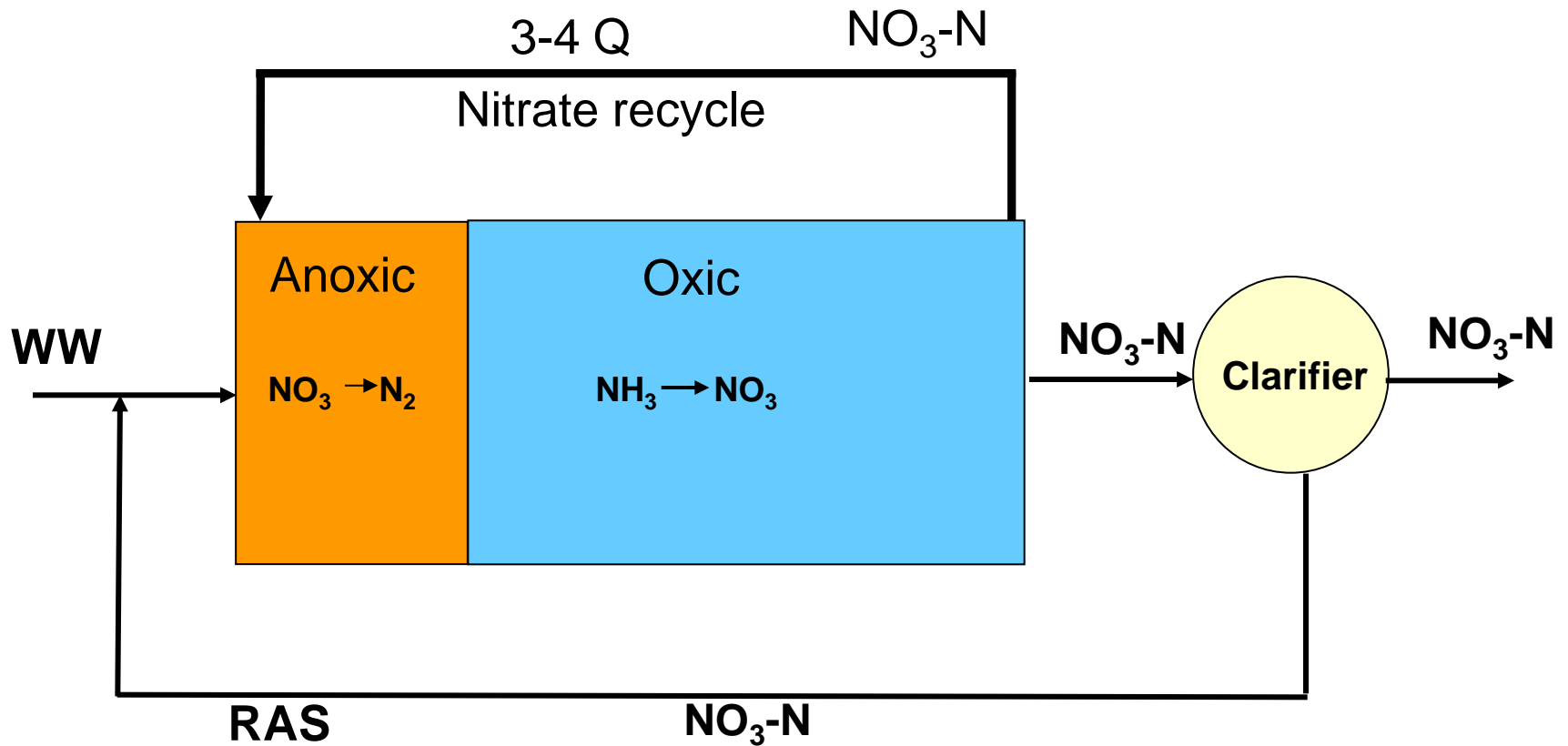
New discharge limits: 10 mg TIN / L

Fully aerobic (oxic)

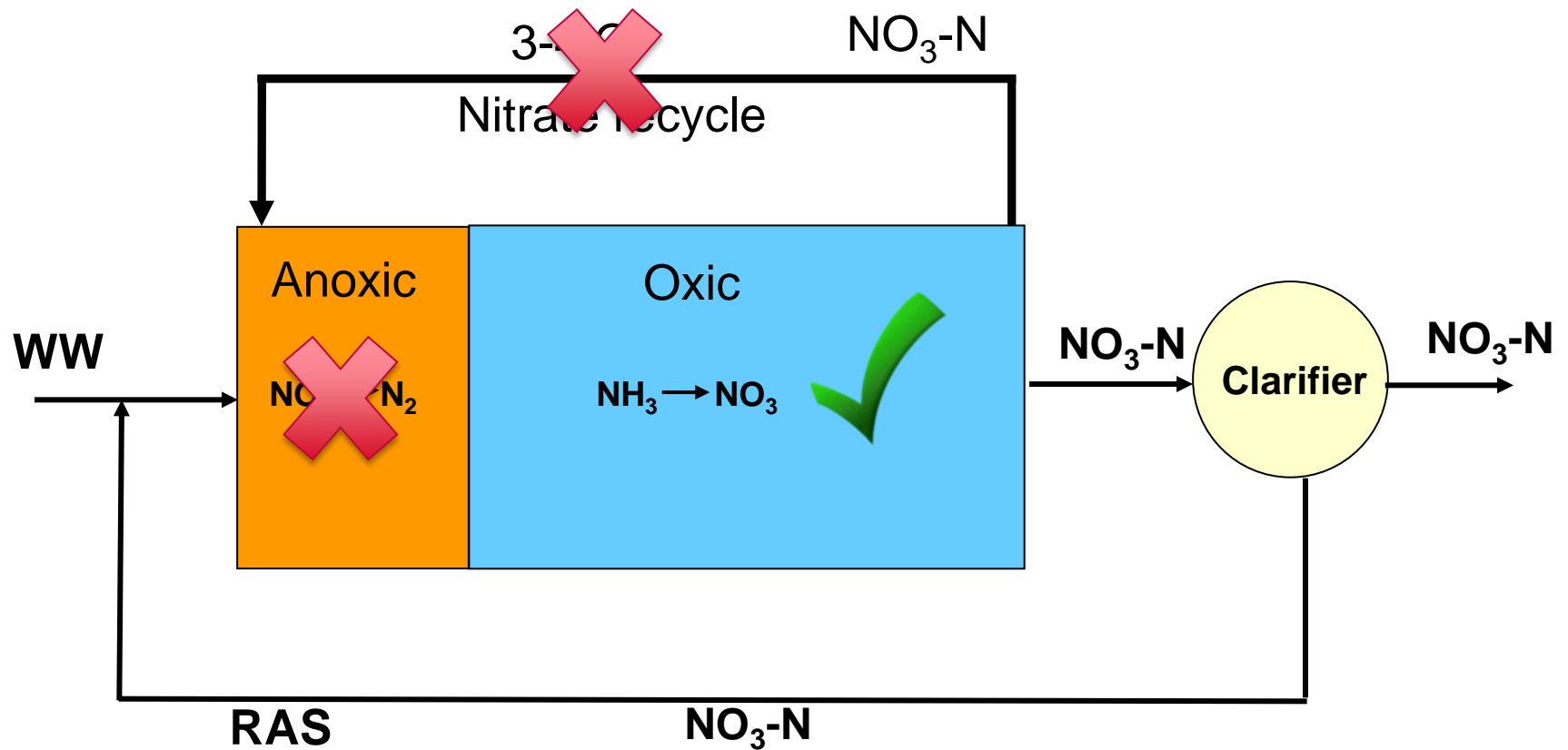
Stable nitrification but not designed for
denitrification – no anoxic zones or nitrate
recirculation



Typical Denitrification Flow Sheet



Typical Denitrification Flow Sheet



Case Study B – Innovations

Convert EQ tank to anoxic zone?

Convert 1 of 2 aerated tanks to anoxic zone?

Build anoxic zone into existing online aeration tank?

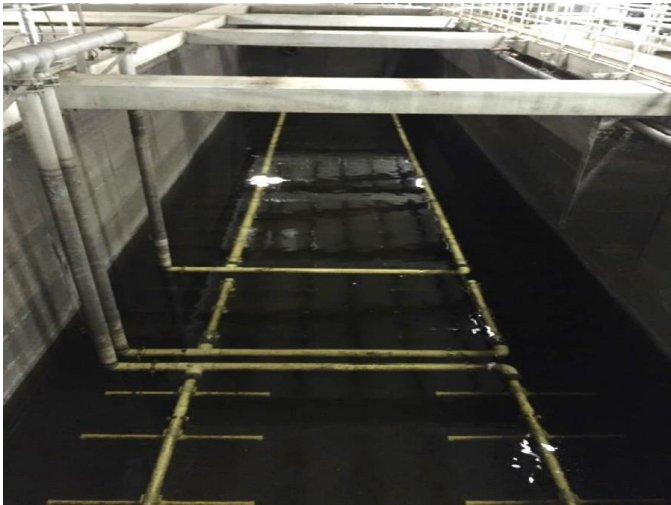


Case Study B – Innovations

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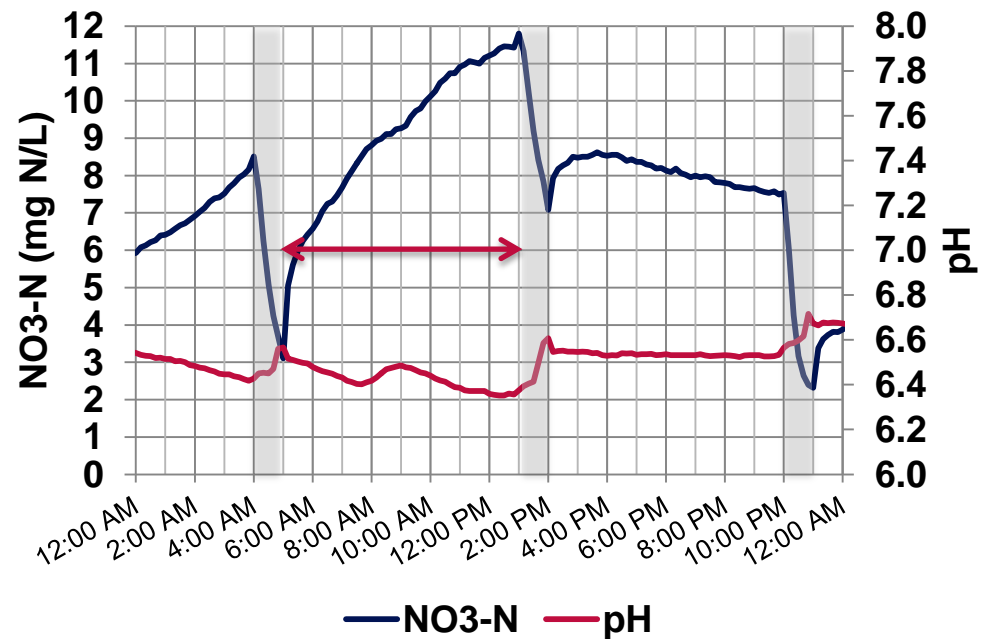
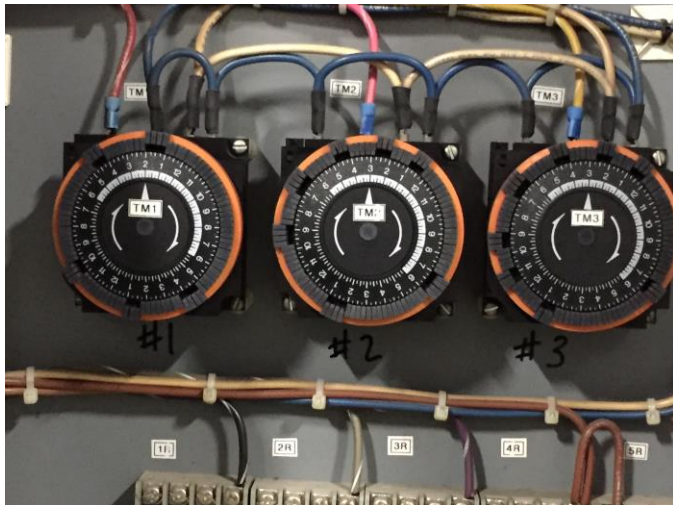
Case Study B – Nitrate Recirculation?

No nitrate recirculation

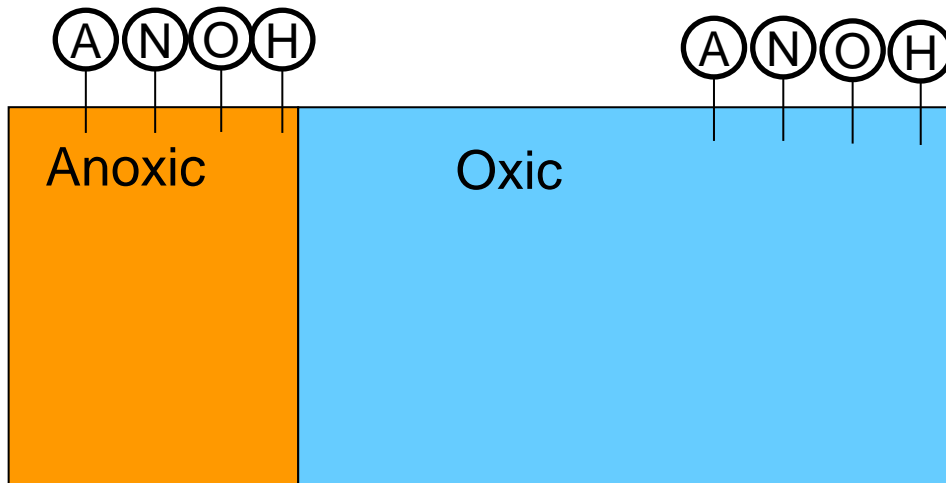
Instead: Intermittent aeration of oxic zone for increased denitrification

Lead blower “off” 3 x / day

2 blowers operated continuously for nitrification of peak morning load



Case Study B - Process Monitoring System

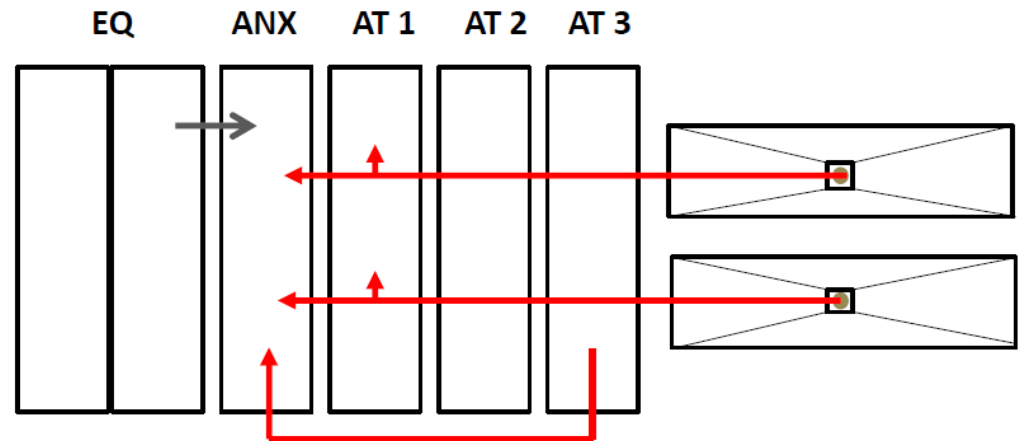


Case Study C: STEP system

WWTP on new housing development / early in build-out

Nitrate recycle system but no external carbon

Nitrates in effluent exceed limits / nitrification stable



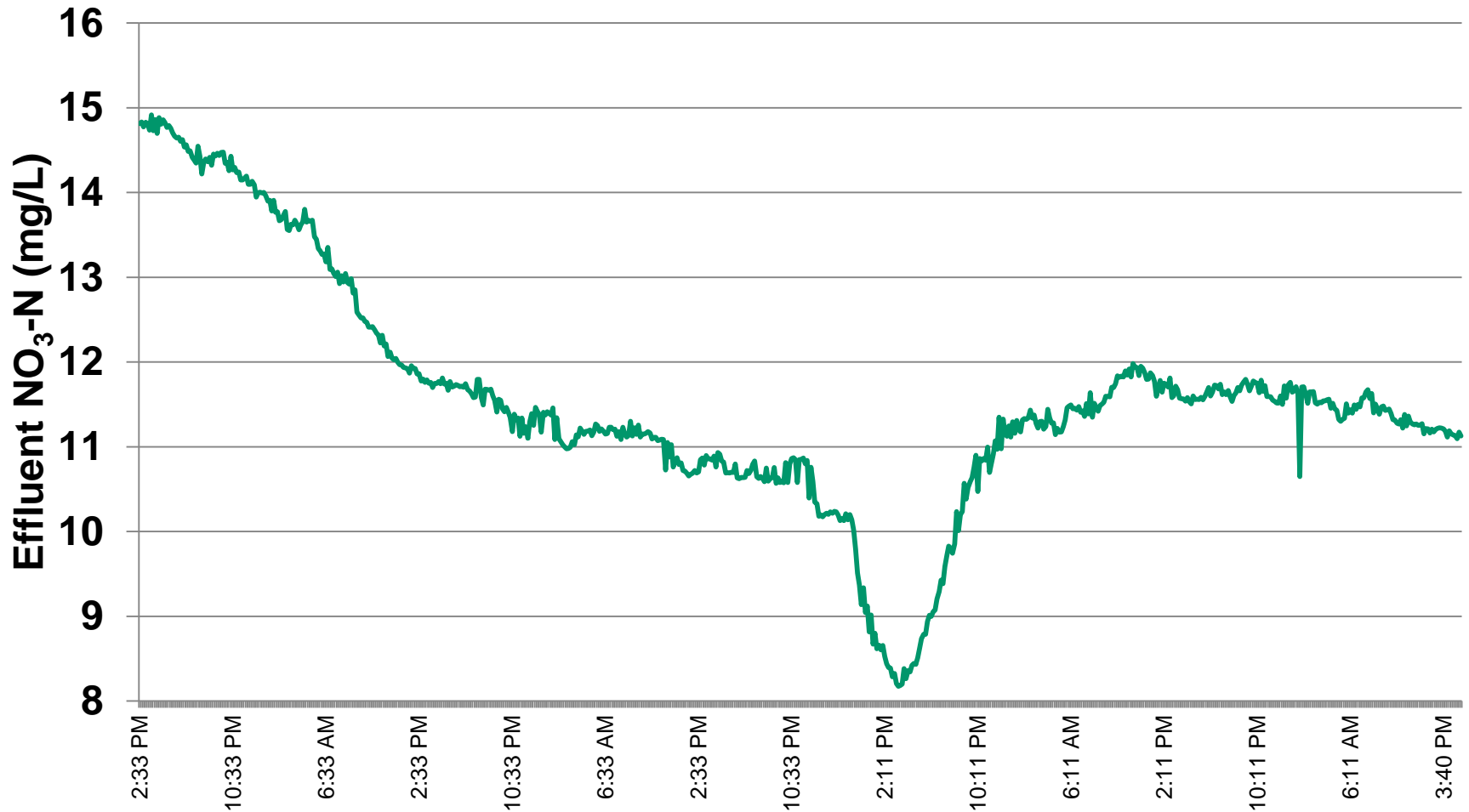
Troubleshooting Denitrification

Oxic / effluent	Anoxic	Condition	Remedy
Low NO ₃	Low NO ₃	DN not limited	None as long as nitrification is stable
High NO ₃	Low NO ₃	Nitrate limited	Increase nitrate recycle
High NO ₃	High NO ₃	Carbon limited	Increase carbon dosing

Case Study C

	Oxic NO ₃	Anoxic NO ₃	Nitrate Recycle Rate	Anoxic Volume	Carbon
Initial	16.4	15.6	100%	1 x	N/A
Stop nitrate recycle pump	10.6	5.1	0%	1 x	N/A
Resume nitrate recycle / add anoxic volume	7.0	3.9?	15 / 75	2x	N/A
New nitrate method	14.1	7.3			
Add mixer to 2 nd anoxic zone	22.2	10.8			

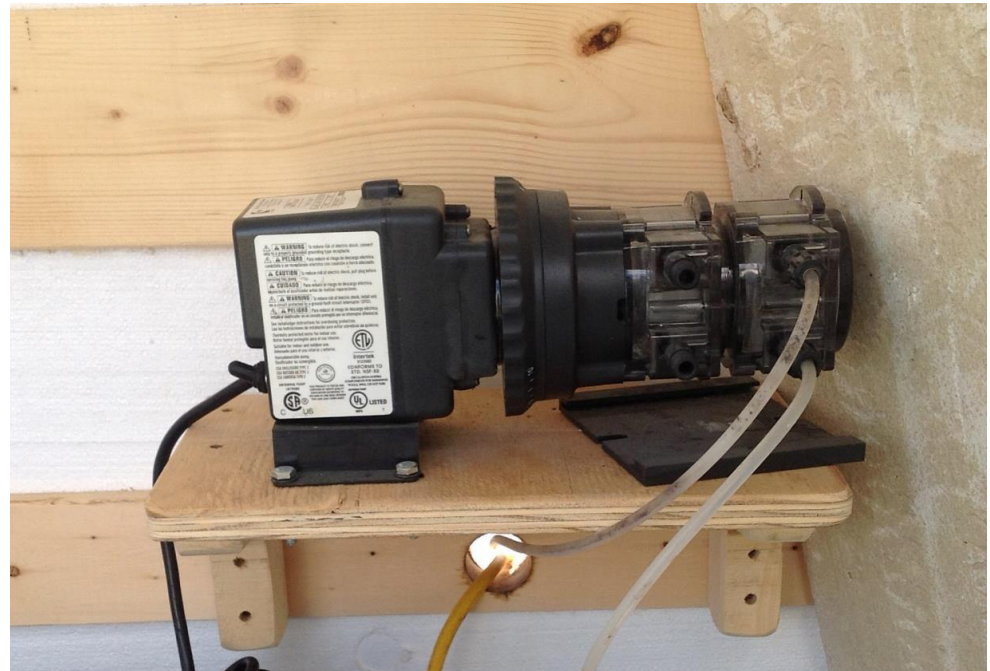
Case Study C: Optical Nitrate Probe



Case Study C – Simple Carbon Dosing System

Peristaltic pump – off the shelf

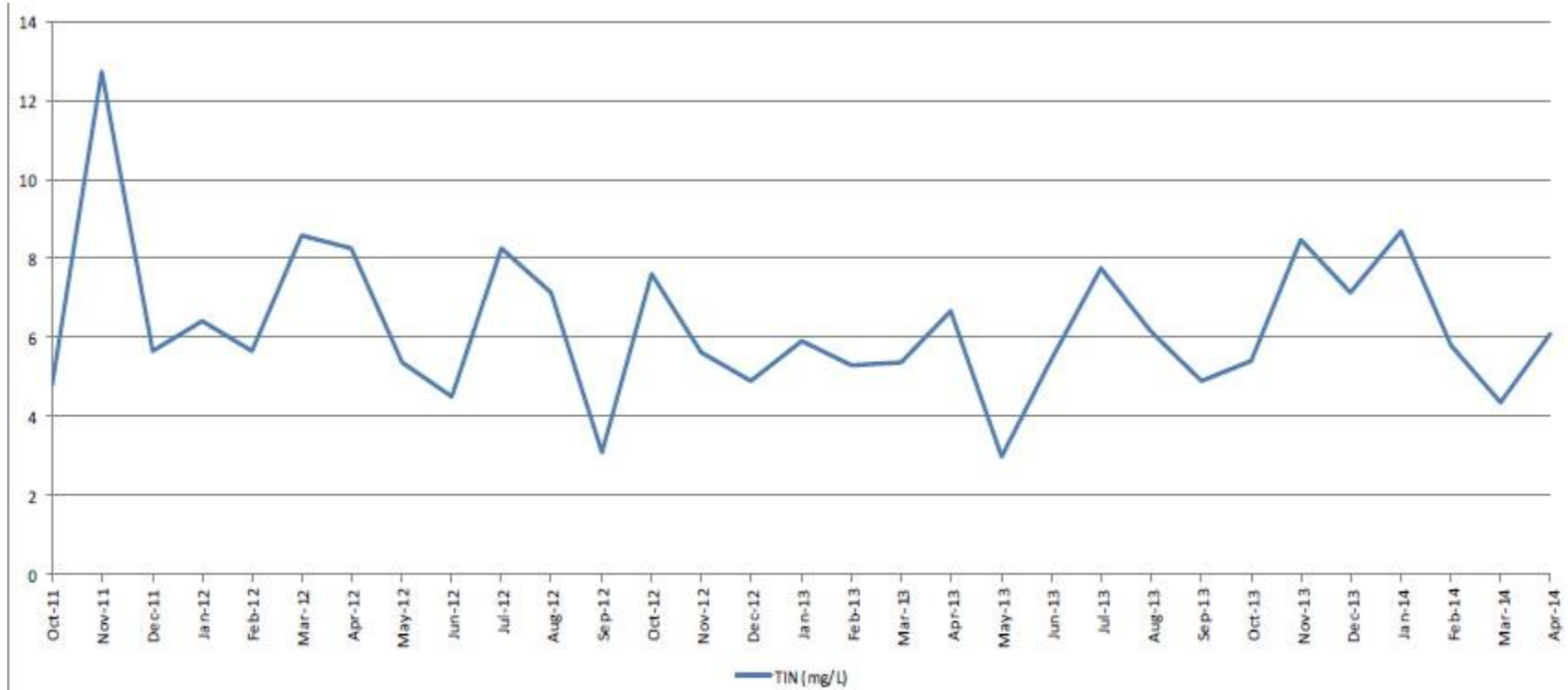
Glycerin – safe alternative to methanol



Case Study C

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Resume nitrate recycle / add anoxic volume	7.0	3.9?	15 / 75	2x	N/A
New nitrate method	14.1	7.3			
Add mixer to 2 nd anoxic zone	22.2	10.8			
Add carbon dosing system	10.1	0.7			

Case Study C – Effluent Monthly Total Inorganic Nitrogen (TIN)



Summary

Innovation to provide N removal requires an understanding of the biology to cultivate and enrich critical populations.

Innovation includes modifications to existing equipment, developing new ways to operate, or creating new systems from off-the-shelf materials and equipment.

Online process monitoring is valuable for understanding what is limiting treatment performance and quickly evaluating viability of solutions.

Case Study A: HPO system – modified chemical dosing point and implemented new solids recirculation to stabilize nitrification.

Case Study B: Extended Aeration – constructed new zone, operational modification to aeration to create anoxic conditions.

Case Study C: STEP system influent – optimized nitrate recirculation, added carbon dosing system to stabilize denitrification.

Acknowledgments

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Delaware County RSD Wastewater Facility Operations Department

Questions?

