My Biosolids Don't Stink, But the Paperwork Does!

Andrew Gall , Ohio EPA

OWEA Preconference Utility Workshop Kalahari Convention Center

June 22, 2015

The digester & drying beds are full!





Let's land apply!







Ohio Environmental Protection Agency

Check your records!









Check your records

- Is the site authorized?
- Are your soil samples current?
- Have you sampled the biosolids and reviewed the results?
- Do you have your certification statements?
- Have you calculated the Agronomic Rate?
- Notice and Necessary Information (NANI)
- Signage Placement Records
- Weather Records and Field Tile Monitoring



Make a Checklist !!



RECEIVED MAR 2 0 2008

> OHIO E.P.A. N.W.D.O.

Biosolids Land Application Checklist

	umber02-00105
ield Identifi	ication Number: <u>All-4-A</u> Field Location: <u>Cole St at main office</u>
	The field has been approved for biosolids application by OEPA.
	A soil sample has been taken within past the 2 years.
	The soil pH is 5.5 or higher.
- 	The soil phosphorous level is less than 150 parts per million (300 pounds per acre) Bray-Kurtz P1 extraction or 170 parts per million (three hundred forty pounds per acre) Mehlich 3 extraction.
	The metals concentrations of the biosolids to be applied are less than the Table 3 concentration limits.
	The biosolids to be applied meets pathogen reduction alternative 1. (The geometric mean of the fecal coliform bacteria density in seven samples is less than 2,000,000 MPN per gram of total solids.)
	The biosolids have been analyzed for TKN, ammonia, phosphorous, potassium, pH, % total solids, and % volatile solids.
	The agronomic rate calculations have been performed.
	The farmer has been notified of the site restrictions.
	The isolation distances have been marked.
	The signage requirements have been met.
D	Date Signs Posted: Date Removed:
	The farmer has been given an information sheet on the biosolids that were applied to this site.
As each requiren	uirement listed has been fulfilled, the person responsible is to place their initials on the line beside nent. After all requirements listed are fulfilled, the responsible person is to sign and date below.
	Griffin
Bill	



Is the site authorized?

- OAC 3745-40-09 (C)
- Biosolids generator required to have the following on file:
 - Beneficial use site authorization application
 - Ohio EPA Site
 Authorization Letter



March 14, 2013

Mr. Dave Pike, Superintendent Wauseon Water Reclamation Plant 230 Clinton Street Wauseon, Ohio 43567

Dear Mr. Pike:

Ohio EPA has reviewed the request to authorize beneficial use sites for land application of biosolids in Fulton County from the City of Wauseon Water Reclamation Plant. Ohio EPA has inspected the proposed sites and our findings and recommendations are as follows:

Fulton County Clinton Township Beneficial Use Site Review

OEPA Site #26-00074: (Eric Richer Farm ER#1, ER#2) - This 90 acre site owned and farmed by Richer Farms is located on the south side of County Road D, just west of State Route 108 in Section 35 of Cinton Township. The major soil types at the site are Glywnood loam, Haskins loam, Hoytville clay loam, Mermill loam, Nappanee loam, Rimer loamy fine sand and Seward loamy fine sand. Soil analytical results indicate an average pH value of 6.4 and a soil phosphorus value of 25 ppm (Bray Kurtz P1). This site is acceptable for the beneficial use of municipal blosolids from the City of Wauseon Water Reclamation Plant provided proper isolation distances are maintained from the house located on the north edge of the field along countly Road D.

OEPA Site #26-00075: (Larry Richer Farm LR#1, LR#2, LR#3, LR#4) - This 153 acre site owned and farmed by Richer Farms is located on the south side of County Road D, just east of Township Road 15 in Socian 35 of Cilnton Township. The major soil byes at the site are Blount toam, Haskins loam, Hoytville clay loam, Mermill Joam, Nappanee loam, Rimer loamy fine sand and Seward loamy fine sand. Soil analytical results indicate an average pH value of 6.6 and a soil phosphorus value of 4.8 pm (Bray Kurtz P1). This site is acceptable for the beneficial use of municipal biosolids from the City of Wauseon Water Reclamation Plant provided orpoer isolation distances are maintained from the two houses located on the north edge of the field along countly Road D and the house located near the southwest corner of the site.

This site has a soil phosphorus value greater than 40 parts per million Bray Kurtz P1 extraction. Please be aware that, in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) 3745-40-08(A)(2)(b), after July 1, 2013, the agronomic rate at any beneficial use site shall be the most limiting factor derived from the following for the purpose of protecting waters of the state:

"For soils with soil phosphorus test results greater than forty parts per million Bray-Kurtz P1 extraction or forty-five parts per million Mehlich III extraction and less than or equal to one hundred parts per million Bray-Kurtz P1 extraction or one hundred fifteen parts per million Mehlich III extraction: (a) The nitrogen agronomic rate; or

(b) A multi-year phosphate agronomic rate

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Esterel into GES/18/2013

The site is not authorized if you don't have copies of these items!



If your site is not authorized...

- New Site Authorizations
 - Submit completed beneficial use site authorization requests as soon as you know a new site needs to be authorized.
 - Sites are reviewed in the order they are received.
 - It takes Ohio EPA a minimum of 30 days to review a site request and issue a site authorization letter.



Ohio EPA Site Tracking



Are your soil samples current?

To: ALLOWAY

101 N. COLE STREET

F12325-0653

39514

• Soil samples must be less than 3 years old.

A & L GREAT LAKES LABORATORIES, INC. 3505 Conestoge Drive - Fort Wayne, Indiana 46080 - 280-483-4750 - Fax 260-483-5274 www.aigreatikes.com - isb@aigreatikes.com QUALITY ANALYSES FOR INFORMED DECISIONS *

For: L12-19922



• Soil pH –

- Above 5.5
- Soil Phosphorus
 - Bray- Kurtz P1
 - Mehlich 3





Have you sampled the biosolids?



Analyte	Results	Units	PQL	Method	Analyst	Extraction Date	Analysis Date
Nitrate/Nitrite-N	<3.17	mg/Kg dry	3.17	EPA-300.0	MS		01/07/2011
Ammonia-N	16400	mg/Kg dry	53.0	SM-4500-NH3 D	ER		01/11/2011
pH, Laboratory Analyzed (Estimate)	7.9	S.U.		SW- 9040B/9045C	ER		01/12/2011
Phosphorus, Total	18800	mg/Kg dry	20.6	EPA-365.3	JS		01/14/2011
specific Gravity	1.00			SM-2710F	JS		01/12/2011
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	68600	mg/Kg dry	1020	SM-4500-N C	JS		01/07/2011
Total Solids	18.9	%	0.01	SM-2540 G	JS		01/06/2011
Total Volatile Solids	70.7	%	0.01	EPA-160.4	JS		01/06/2011
Arsenic, Total	<2.64	mg/Kg dry	2.64	SW-7060A	AB		01/12/2011
Cadmium, Total	3.97	mg/Kg dry	1.59	SW-6010	AB		01/07/2011
Chromium, Total	67.2	mg/Kg dry	3.70	SW-6010	AB		01/07/2011
Copper, Total	534	mg/Kg dry	4.23	SW-6010	AB		01/07/2011
Lead, Total	48.6	mg/Kg dry	5.29	SW-6010	AB		01/07/2011
Molybdenum, Total	34.1	mg/Kg dry	10.6	SW-6010	AB		01/07/2011
Nickel, Total	74.1	mg/Kg dry	4.23	SW-6010	AB		01/07/2011
Potassium, Total	6400	mg/Kg dry	52.9	SW-6010	AB		01/07/2011
Zinc, Total	704	mg/Kg dry	5.29	SW-6010	AB		01/07/2011
Mercury, Total	2.72	mg/Kg dry	0.529	SW-7471A	AB		01/10/2011
Selenium, Total	3.67	mg/Kg dry	2.12	SW-7740	AB		01/12/2011

Analysis Certified By:

1101 N. Cole Street - Lima, Ohio 45805 419.223.1362 - Fax 419.227.3792 800.436.1243 508 Bissman Ct. • Mansfield, Ohio 44903 419.525.1644 • Fax 419.524.5575 800.635.3222 1776 Marion-Waldo Rd. • Marion, Ohio 43302 740.389.5991 • Fax 740.389.1481 800.873.2835

- Metals
- Pathogens
 - Fecal Coliform
- Nutrients
 - TKN
 - Ammonia
 - Phosphorus
 - Potassium



Screening

 By July 1, 2015, any treatment plant who wishes to beneficially use biosolids must have a means of screening out manufactured inerts from the influent sewage and septage <u>or</u> sewage sludge.





 This may be accomplished through fine screening (5/8" max aperture, but the finer the better) or other means approved by the Director.



Pathogen Reduction	Vector Attraction Reduction			
P1 – Geometric Mean of 7 Fecal Coliform Samples	VAR1 – 38% Volatile Solids Reduction			
P2 – Aerobic Digestion	VAR2 – Bench Scale Anaerobic Digestion			
P3 – Air Drying	VAR3 – Bench Scale Aerobic Digestion			
P4 – Anaerobic Digestion	VAR4 – Specific Oxygen Uptake Rate			
P5 – Class B Composting	VAR5 – Aerobic process Time and Temperature			
P6 – Lime Treatment	VAR6 – Lime Treatment			
P7 – Equivalent Process to Significantly Reduce Pathogens	VAR7 – Greater Than or Equal to 75% Solids			
P8 – Time and Temperature Regime	VAR8 – Greater Than or Equal to 90% Solids			
P9 – High pH and High Temperature Process	VAR9 – Injection			
P10 – Exceptional Quality Composting	VAR10 – Immediate Incorporation			
P11 – Heat Drying				
P12 – Thermophilic Aerobic Digestion	Exceptional Quality Biosolids			
P13 – Beta Ray Irradiation	Noto: Class R Riosolids can			
P14 – Gamma Ray Irradiation	utilize any pathogen reduction			
P15 – Pasteurization	alternative and vector attraction			
P16 – Equivalent Process to Further Reduce Pathogens	option.			

Do you have your certification statements?

 Certify that you have reviewed the treatment records and sampling results to verify that pathogen reduction alternative and vector attraction reduction options have been met.

City of Celina, WWTP

Permittee Certification Statements

Parcel(s): 0811400005

Beginning Application Date: 2-14-2011	

Ending Application Date: 2-15-2011 (Not to exceed 30 days from beginning date)

"I certify, under penalty of law, that the information that will be used to determine compliance with the requirements of Class B pathogen reduction alternative 1 in paragraph (O)(1) of rule 3745-40-05 of the Ohio Administrative Code was prepared under my direction and supervision in accordance with the system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate this information. I am aware that there are significant penalties for false certification including the possibility of fine and imprisonment."

Printed Name, Title: Jason Andrews, WWTPAsst. Supt. Signature: Jason Curdren

"I certify, under penalty of law, that the information that will be used to determine compliance with the requirements of vector attraction reduction option 4 in paragraph (Q)(4) of rule 3745-40-05 of the Ohio Administrative Code was prepared under my direction and supervision in accordance with the system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate this information. I am aware that there are significant penalties for false certification including the possibility of fine and imprisonment."

Printed Name, Title: Jason Andrews, WWTP ASST. Supt Signature: Josun andhens



Agronomic Rates

"Agronomic rate" means a rate of application of nutrients from any source to the land or an amount of nutrients removed by crop based on:

(1) Nutrient content of the biosolids to be applied;(2) Nutrient needs of the current or planned crops; and(3) Nutrient holding capacity of the soil.







Have you calculated the Agronomic Rate?

 Beginning July 2013, beneficial users have to evaluate phosphorus loadings as well as nitrogen loadings for beneficial use.

 The limits on application of phosphorus are based on the phosphorus soil tests for the beneficial use site.





Ohio EPA's Agronomic Rate Calculation Spreadsheet!

Under "Compliance Tools" at: http://epa.ohio.gov/dsw/sludge/biosolid.aspx



Biosolids Data and Beneficial Use Methods

Ammonia Nitrogen	mg/kg	
Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	mg/kg	
Total Phosphorus	mg/kg	
Organic Nitrogen	0.00 lbs/ton	
Available Nitrogen	0.00 lbs/ton	
Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅)	#N/A lbs/ton	
Will Immediate Incorporation / Injection be performed?		

Beneficial Use Site Information

Soil Phosphorus	a stand stand	ppm			
	#N/A	ppm			
Please note that the agronomic rates and phosphorus index					
have been calculated within the Calculated Agronomic Rates					
section; however, based upon the above provided Soil	#N/A				
Phosphorus result, you must utilize the most limiting factor or					
the Phosphorus Index :				1	
County		Surdamental States	- Succession of the second		
Soil Type		1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 -			
Hydrologic Soil Group					
Year 1	Crop 1	Crop 2	Crop 3	Crop 4	Crop 5
Crop Type(s)					
Expected Crop Yield(s)(bu/acre or tons/acre)	No. Contraction	Constant and the second			
Year 2	Crop 1	Crop 2	Crop 3	Crop 4	Crop 5
Crop Type(s)		a har all and a			The state of the state
Expected Crop Yield(s)(bu/acre or tons/acre)		a stand a stand	- Constant State Street		
Year 3	Crop 1	Crop 2	Crop 3	Crop 4	Crop 5
Crop Type(s)	Mary Mary Control	A Andrewski -			
Expected Crop Yield(s)(bu/acre or tons/acre)					A DOMESTICA
Year 4	Crop 1	Crop 2	Crop 3	Crop 4	Crop 5
Crop Type(s)	and the reality	a manati selara			
Expected Crop Yield(s)(bu/acre or tons/acre)			The second second	The second second	
Year 5	Crop 1	Crop 2	Crop 3	Crop 4	Crop 5
Crop Type(s)	all and the second		and the second		
Expected Crop Yield(s)(bu/acre or tons/acre)	Since and a	a series and	Street Street		
Crop Nitrogen Requirements (Year 1)		lbs/acre			
Existing Available Nitrogen	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	lbs/acre	and the second second	Contraction Section	
Non-Biosolids Nitrogen Application		lbs/acre	Source States		
Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅) Fertilizer Application	a reasonable	lbs/acre	43		Section 1995
Non-Biosolids Organic Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅) Application		Ibs/acre	在14年,19月1日,19月 5日	中的世界和自然	Statistics and
Biosolids Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅) Beneficial Use	#N/A	lbs/acre		M. Markenson	
Total Organic Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅) Fertilizer Application	#N/A	lbs/acre			

Phosphorus Index

Soil Loss	#N/A tons/acre/year	#N/A			
Connectivity to "waters of the State"		#N/A			
Runoff Class - Slope Range		#N/A			
Soil Phosphorus					
Application - Phosphate (P2O5) Fertilizer					
Method - Phosphate (P ₂ O ₅) Fertilizer		#N/A			
Application - Organic Phosphate (P2O5) Fertilizer		#N/A			
Method - Organic Phosphate (P₂O₅) Fertilizer		#N/A			
Does runoff flow through a filter strip designed per USDA Ohio- NRCS Field Office Technical Guide Standard 393?		#N/A			
Total Phosphorus Index		#N/A			

Calculated Agronomic Rates

Nitrogen Agronomic Rate	#DIV/0!	dry tons/acre	
i. Calculated Agronomic Rate	#DIV/0!	dry tons/acre	N. Williams
Single Year Phosphate Agronomic Rate	#N/A	dry tons/acre	
Multi-Year Phosphate Agronomic Rate	#N/A	dry tons/acre	
Phosphorus Index	#N/A		

Beneficial Use Site Records

Quantity of Biosolids Beneficially Used		dry tons		
Phosphate (P2O5) Beneficially Used Per Acre	#DIV/0!	Ibs/acre		
Acreage		a second second		
Date Biosolids Delivered to Beneficial Use Site		a service and a service of the		
Dates of Beneficial Use		to		
Total Days Biosolids Stored at Beneficial Use Site	0.00	Days		
Date Signage Posted at Beneficial Use Site			Yes	Is a permanent sign posted at
Date Signage Removed from Beneficial Use Site			No No	the beneficial use site?

Ohio EPA (10/13)

Step 1 – General Information

Entered into GIS 1/8/2013



Scott J. Nally, Director

Re: Fulton County **Clinton Township** Beneficial Use Site Review

March 14, 2013

Mr. Dave Pike, Superintendent Wauseon Water Reclamation Plant 230 Clinton Street Wauseon, Ohio 43567

Dear Mr. Pike:

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This site has a soil phosphorus value greater than 40 parts per million Bray Kurtz P1 extraction. Please be aware that, in accordance with Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) 3745-40-08(A)(2)(b), after July 1, 2013, the agronomic rate at any beneficial use site shall be the most limiting factor derived from the following for the purpose of protecting waters of the state:

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(b) A multi-year phosphate agronomic rate

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Enter Ohio EPA Site #

Enter generator "Field ID"

Enter "Generator Name"



Step 2– Biosolids Data

	Nay.						Page 2	of 2
			ANALYTICA	L REPOR	T Lab	Project #	L13-11	350
Wauseon Water R Atto: Dave Pike	eclamation Plant				Rece	eived: orted:	02/22/2	013
230 Clinton Street Wauseon, OH 435	67				Date : Samp	Sampled: led By:	02/14/201	13
					Samp	led Matrix: iners:	Sludge 1	
Project Name:	Sludge Analysis							
Sample ID:	Sludge B							
Lab Sample #	L13-11350-02							
See chain of cus	tody for individual san	nple collect	ion times.					
Analyte		Results	Units	PQL	Method	Analyst	Extraction Date	Analysis Date
mmonia-N	- ,002	× 11000	mg/Kg dry	229	SM-4500-NH3	D BRS		03/01/2013
hosphorus, Total		34900	mg/Kg dry	347	EPA-365.3	JS		02/26/2013
otal Kjeldahl Nitroge	m	21900	mg/Kg dry	2210	SM-4500-N C	BRS		02/26/2013
otal Solids		4.35	%	0.01	SM-2540 G	LW		02/26/2013
fercury Total		10.20	malle day	0.00	C14/ 74744			

Midde Cous

- Enter analytical results for the nutrients in the biosolids.
- Answer question - "will immediate incorporation or injection be performed?"



Step 3 – Beneficial Use Site Info



- Enter Soil Phosphorus Results & Analysis Method.
- Select Hydrologic Soil Group from the drop down box.
- Find using the USDA NRCS Web Soil Survey.



Step 4 – Enter Crop Information

- Crops that will be grown (1-5 year rotation)
- Crop Nitrogen Requirement
- Account for residual available Nitrogen Refer to: *Tri-State Fertilizer Recommendations* <u>ohioline.osu.edu/e2567/index.html</u>
- Account for Non-Biosolids Fertilizer Application Rates



Residual Nitrogen Values

Previous Crop	Nitrogen Credits (lbs/acre)
Corn, small grains	0
Soybeans	30
Grass sod	40
Established forage legume	=40+20*(plants/ft ²)
Annual legume cover crop	30



Crop Information

- First year crop is corn-grain, expected yield of 200 bushels/acre.
- Second year crop is soybeans, expected yield of 60 bushels/acre.
- Third year crop is wheat, expected yield of 90 bushels/acre.



Which Rate to Use?

The soil phosphorus value is 48 ppm so we must use the most limiting of:

Multi-year phosphate rate = 2.3 dry tons/acreNitrogen Agronomic Rate = 7.0 dry tons/acre

Use Multi-year phosphate agronomic rate!



Agronomic Rate Record Keeping

- Agronomic rate description
 - Must have documentation showing that equipment utilized for biosolids spreading has been calibrated.
 - Example would be calculating volume of spreader, pull at certain speed/rpm/gear until empty, measure area covered.



Signage Requirements

- Signage
 - Signs must be posted at all Class B biosolids beneficial use sites at least one week prior to delivery of Class B biosolids to the site.
 - Within 25ft. of field entrance from the public road
 - "Notice: Ohio EPA Authorized Class B Biosolids Beneficial Use Site. Trespassing Prohibited."





Signage Posting Records

City of Celina, Ohio WWTP 2011 Class B Biosolids Beneficial Use Site Signage Record							
Signage to be po	sted for 30 c	lays after end of	benificial use event	NPDES Permit #: 2PD00033*OD			
BENIFICIAL USE EVENT NUMBER	BENIF EVEN	ICIAL USE T DATES	DATE BIOSOLIDS SIGN IS POSTED	DATE BIOSOLIDS SIGN IS SCHEDULED TO BE REMOVED	DATE BIOSOLIDS SIGN IS REMOVED		
1	START	2/14/2011	2/14/2011	3/16/2011			
	START			1/30/1900			
	START			1/30/1900			
	START			1/30/1900			
	START			1/30/1900			
	END START			1/30/1900			
	END START			1/30/1900			
	END START			1/30/1900			
	END START			1/30/1000			
	END START			1/30/1000			
	END START			1/30/1900			
	END			1/30/1900			
<u>.</u>	END			1/30/1900			
	END			1/30/1900			
-	END			1/30/1900			
	END			1/30/1900			
	END			1/30/1900			
	END			1/30/1900			
	START END			1/30/1900			
	START END			1/30/1900			
	START			1/30/1900			
	START			1/30/1900			

Record of the dates the signs are posted and removed shall be maintained.



Precipitation Restrictions for Class B Biosolids

No surface application when the forecast predicts a 50% chance that ½ inch (or ¼ inch for hydrologic soil group D) of rain will occur within 24 hours of beneficial use.

Beneficial use may still occur if:

- injection or immediate incorporation is used; or
- if actual rainfall data indicates that ½ inch of rain did not occur even though the forecast predicted that it would.



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[dashes/dots] | [b/w] | [hide menu]



Precipitation Potential: 37% Rain: Chance (30%-50%)

Frozen Snow Covered Ground

- Surface application of bulk biosolids to land from December 15 through March 1 is prohibited, unless injected or incorporated within 24 hours of application.
- Surface application of bulk biosolids to frozen and snow covered ground during the rest of the year will have to be in accordance with NRCS Waste Utilization Code 633.
 - Greater than 90% ground cover and not covered with snow/ice;
 - <5,000 gallons/acre if liquid;
 - <20 contiguous acres;
 - >200 feet from "waters of the state";
 - <6% slope;
 - Visual outlet (drainage and tile) monitoring; and
 - <26 mg/L ammonia nitrogen at discharge.

NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION SERVICE CONSERVATION PRACTICE STANDARD

WASTE UTILIZATION (acre) Code 633

DEFINITION

Using agricultural wastes such as manure and wastewater or other organic residues.

PURPOSES

- 1. Protect water quality
- 2. Provide fertility for crop, forage, fiber production
- 3. To provide nutrients for the production of forest products
- 4. Improve or maintain soil structure
- 5. Provide feedstock for livestock
- Provide a source of energy

CONDITION WHERE THE PRACTICE APPLIES

This practice applies where agricultural wastes including animal manure and contaminated water from livestock and poultry operations; solids and wastewater from municipal treatment plants; and agricultural processing residues are generated, and/or utilized. When the term <u>waste</u> is used throughout this standard it refers to agricultural wastes including animal manure and contaminated water from livestock and poultry operations; solids and wastewater from municipal treatment plants; and agricultural processing residues.

CRITERIA

Criteria Applicable to All Purposes:

- All federal, state and local laws, rules and regulations governing waste management, pollution abatement, health and safety are to be strictly adhered to (See Section I, eFOTG). The owner or operator is responsible for securing any and all required permits or approvals related to waste utilization, and for operating and maintaining any components in accordance with applicable laws and regulations.
- 2. The use of agricultural wastes (manure and wastewater) is to be based on at least <u>one annual</u> analysis of the material in storage. When wastes are stored/managed in different structures a minimum of one analysis is needed from each structure annual). As a minimum, the waste analysis is to identify Total N, Ammonium N, Organic N, P₂O₅, K₂O, and percent solids. NOTE: The initial nutrient content of manure and planned application rates from newly constructed or revised systems may be based on similar operations or accepted "book values" from the Midwest Plans Service (MWPS) 18, Section 1, 2000, or OSU Bulletin 604, or an approved NRCS Manure/Nutrient Management Software Program. Municipal and domestic wastewater, sludge, and septage are to be analyzed per the Ohio Environmental Protection Agency (OEPA) or other appropriate regulating agency's rules and regulations.

NRCS - Ohio June 2003 Standard 633 – Page 1

Conservation practice standards are reviewed and updated periodically. To obtain a current version of this standard contact the Natural Resources Conservation Service office or web site (www.oh.nrcs.usda.gov).

Field Tile Monitoring

- If liquid biosolids are to be beneficially used, tile outlet monitoring shall occur before, during and after beneficial use.
- Rates are limited to ½ inch or 13,000 gallons/acre/beneficial use event.
- Tools shall be used to disrupt preferential flow pathways during beneficial use or all tile outlets shall be plugged.
- If injected, only inject deep enough to cover biosolids with soil.
- Have tools available onsite to plug tiles, if necessary!







Now Lets Land Apply!







Record Keeping

- Notice and Necessary Information
 - The biosolids generator is required to provide the land applier a copy of metal testing results, PR and VAR results.
 - The land applier is a required to provide the farm operator and land owner information a copy of the application rate and nutrients in the biosolids that were beneficially used.



Everyday WWTP 50 W. Town St., Columbus, OH 43215 (614) 644-2018 NPDES Permit #6PA00000

The material you are receiving is or contains biosolids that have been treated to meet the requirements in Chapter 3745-40 of the Ohio Administrative Code.

Most recent analysis of biosolids:

TKN =	35,000 mg/kg	Hg=	<1 mg/kg	As=	24 mg/kg	Cu=	500 mg/kg
NH ₄ =	7,000 mg/kg	Mb=	15 mg/kg	Cd=	<1 mg/kg	Pb=	75 mg/kg
Total P=	18,000 mg/kg	Zn=	1,300 mg/kg	Se=	4 mg/kg	Ni=	30 mg/kg
Total K=	3,000 mg/kg						

Pathogen Reduction Alternative P-1, Geometric Mean of Seven Fecal Colifrom Samples, has been met. Vector Attraction Reduction Option VAR-1, 38% Volatile Solids Reduction, has been met.

The biosolids you are receiving are Class B, and shall be further treated, stored, transferred, disposed of, or beneficially used in accordance with Chapter 3745-40 of the Ohio Administrative Code, which may be found here: http://www.epa.state.oh.us/dsw/rules/3745_40.aspx

SANITARY ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT Stephen M. Kayatin, P.E. Sanitary Engineer

+204 N. Main Street, Suite 301, Linn, Ohio 45801 + Phone: 419-228-3700 ex.8866 + Fax: 419-229-3297 + Website: allencountychio.com/san/san/html +

Date 5-25-07

County Ohio

Dwain Metzger 3794 N. Cable Rd. Lima, Ohio 45804 REREDENCED MARAAP 2 0 2008

Dear Mr. Metzger

On May 7,8,9,10, 2006, biosolids from Shawnee II and Tank 4 at Am. Bath Wastewater Treatment. Plant, Ohio EPA Permit 2PK00002*HD and 2PH00007*HD, were applied to the field located on Cole St. next to our driveway. Biosolids are a by-product of wastewater treatment.

Analysis of the biosolids showed the following concentrations:

10	Shawnee	Am. Bath Tank 4	
Total Kieldahl Nitrogen:	81,900 mg/kg	60,900 mg/kg	
Ammonia Nitrogen:	7,800 mg/kg	11,100 mg/kg	
Total Phosphorous:	31,000 mg/kg	29,400 mg/kg	
Total Potassium:	7,030 mg/kg	8,240 mg/kg	

Application Rates applied to the site:

Available Nitrogen:	25.4 lbs/acre
Phosphorous:	88.0 lbs/acre
Potassium:	26.6 lbs/acre

The above information is supplied as a requirement of the Ohio EPA, Division of Surface Water, at 1-877-644-2001.

If you have any questions, please contact me at American-Bath Wastewater Treatment Plant, 3226 N. Cole St., Lima, Ohio 45801, or by phone at (419) 225-8048 Monday thru Friday between the hours of 7:30 am and 3:30 pm.

Sincerely,

Bill Griffin Chief Sludge Operator Allen County Sanitary Engineers



Andrew Gall Environmental Specialist II Division of Surface Water Biosolids Program (419) 373-3003 andrew.gall@epa.ohio.gov



Ohio EPA's Biosolid Program Contacts

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Betsy VanWormer

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